## VIVEKANAND COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), KOLHAPUR. STATEMENT OF SYLLABUS COMPLETION Year: 2022-23 Term: 1<sup>st</sup> /2<sup>nd</sup>

Class	Subject	Syllabus Assigned	Syllabus Completed	Syllabus not Complete d
B.A.I Sem. I Paper no. I	Political Concepts	<ul> <li>Political Science and Political Theory</li> <li>1) Meaning, Definitions, Nature and Scope of Political Science</li> <li>2) Relation between Political Science and Political Theory</li> <li>3) Approaches to the Study of Political Science</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Political Science and Political Theory</li> <li>4) Meaning, Definitions, Nature and Scope of Political Science</li> <li>5) Relation between Political Science and Political Theory</li> <li>1) Approaches to the Study of Political Science</li> </ul>	•
	TOLHAN TIGODO & BOT	<ul> <li>Basic Concepts:</li> <li>1) Individual and Society Reasons for creation of society, relations between Individual and Society</li> <li>2) State : Definitions and Meaning, Elements of the State, Difference between State and Government</li> <li>3) Nation: Definition, Elements of Nationality, Difference between State and Nation</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Basic Concepts:</li> <li>4) Individual and Society Reasons for creation of society ,relations between Individual and Society</li> <li>5) State : Definitions and Meaning, Elements of the State, Difference between State and Government</li> <li>6) Nation: Definition, Elements of Nationality, Difference between State and Nation</li> </ul>	-

		<ol> <li>Parliament:         <ol> <li>Structure and functions</li> <li>Executive:                 <ul> <li>President, Prime Minister and Council of Ministers : Functions</li> </ul> </li> </ol></li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Parliament:</li> <li>Structure and functions</li> <li>Executive:         <ul> <li>President, Prime Minister and Council of Ministers : Functions</li> </ul> </li> </ol>	
		Supreme Court <ol> <li>Composition, Rights and Functions</li> <li>Judicial Review</li> <li>Judicial Independence and Judicial Activism</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>Supreme Court</li> <li>4) Composition, Rights and Functions</li> <li>5) Judicial Review</li> <li>6) Judicial Independence and Judicial Activism</li> </ul>	
B.A.II Sem. III Paper no. III	Political Process in India	<ul> <li>A) Nature of Indian Federalism</li> <li>B) Legislative, Administrative, Financial Relations between the Centre and State</li> <li>C) Recent trends in Indian Federalism: Case Study</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>A) Nature of Indian Federalism</li> <li>B) Legislative, Administrative, Financial Relations between the Centre and State</li> <li>C) Recent trends in Indian Federalism: Case Study</li> </ul>	
		<ul><li>A) Composition and Functions of the Election Commission</li><li>B) Important electoral reforms</li></ul>	<ul><li>A) Composition and Functions of the Election Commission</li><li>B) Important electoral reforms</li></ul>	17. 1
	ALL AND	<ul> <li>A) Characteristics of Party System in India</li> <li>b) Select National Political Parties: Indian National Congress, Bhartiya Janata Party, CPI, CPI(M), BSP</li> <li>c) Role of Regional Parties in National Politics</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>A) Characteristics of Party System in India</li> <li>b) Select National Political Parties: Indian National Congress, Bhartiya Janata Party, CPI, CPI(M), BSP</li> <li>c) Role of Regional Parties in National Politics</li> </ul>	•
		1) Communal Politics	3) Communal Politics	

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		<ul> <li>3. Basic Concepts</li> <li>1) Liberty: Meaning and Definitions, Types of Liberty</li> <li>1) Equality: Meaning and types, the relation between Liberty and Equality Meaning and characteristics</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>3. Basic Concepts</li> <li>1) Liberty: Meaning and Definitions, Types of Liberty</li> <li>3) Equality: Meaning and types, the relation between Liberty and Equality Meaning and characteristics</li> </ul>	-
		2) Types of rights	4) Types of rights	
		<ul> <li>Basic Concepts</li> <li>1) Justice <ul> <li>Meaning and definitions</li> <li>Types of justice: social, political, economic</li> </ul> </li> <li>2) Rights <ul> <li>Meaning and characteristics</li> <li>Types of rights</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Basic Concepts</li> <li>3) Justice <ul> <li>Meaning and definitions</li> <li>Types of justice: social, political, economic</li> </ul> </li> <li>4) Rights <ul> <li>Meaning and characteristics Types of rights</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
B.A.I Sem. II Paper no. II	Indian Government	<ul> <li>Making of the Indian Constitution</li> <li>1) Historical Background of Indian Constitution</li> <li>2) Preamble of the Indian Constitution</li> <li>3) Basic features of Indian Constitution</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Making of the Indian Constitution</li> <li>1) Historical Background of Indian Constitution</li> <li>2) Preamble of the Indian Constitution</li> <li>3) Basic features of Indian Constitution</li> </ul>	-
	AND AND COLLEGE HA BOULU	Philosophy of Indian Constitution <ol> <li>Fundamental Rights</li> <li>Fundamental Duties</li> <li>Directive Principles of State Policy</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>Philosophy of Indian Constitution</li> <li>1) Fundamental Rights</li> <li>2)Fundamental Duties</li> <li>3)Directive Principles of State Policy</li> </ul>	
_		Legislature and Executive	Legislature and Executive	-

		2) Identity Politics: Caste Farmers' Movement in India	<ol> <li>Identity Politics: Caste Farmers' Movement in India</li> </ol>	
B.A.II Sem.IV Paper no. V	Political Process in Maharashtra	<ul> <li>A) Sanykta Maharashtra Movement</li> <li>B) Establishment of Maharashtra State</li> <li>C) Structure of State Government</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>A) Sanykta Maharashtra Movement</li> <li>B) Establishment of Maharashtra State</li> <li>C) Structure of State Government</li> </ul>	-
		<ul> <li>A) Characteristics of Party System in Maharashtra</li> <li>B) From Congress dominance to four party system</li> <li>B) Regional parties</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>A) Characteristics of Party System in Maharashtra</li> <li>B) From Congress dominance to four</li> <li>party system</li> <li>B) Regional parties</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>A) Y. B. Chavan and emergence of agro- industrial</li> <li>societies</li> <li>B) Regional imbalalnce</li> <li>C) Issues in urban development</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>A) Y. B. Chavan and emergence of agro-industrial societies</li> <li>B) Regional imbalalnce</li> <li>C) Issues in urban development</li> </ul>	-
	ALLAND COLLEGE	Socio-political movements - Dalit Movement - Environmental Movement - Cooperative Movement	Socio-political movements - Dalit Movement - Environmental Movement - Cooperative Movement	-
B.A.III	Contemporary	a) Meaning, Nature and Characteristics	a) Meaning, Nature and Characteristics	•

Sem. V Paper no. VII	Political Concepts	<ul> <li>b) Types of Human Rights, the Declaration of Human</li> <li>Rights</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>b) Types of Human Rights, the Declaration of Human</li> <li>Rights</li> </ul>	
		c) India and Human Rights	c) India and Human Rights	
		<ul> <li>a) Meaning, Origin and Development</li> <li>b) Characteristics of Feminism</li> <li>c) Theories of Feminism: Liberal, Marxist, Radical</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>a) Meaning, Origin and Development</li> <li>b) Characteristics of Feminism</li> <li>c) Theories of Feminism: Liberal, Marxist, Radical</li> </ul>	-
		<ul> <li>a) Meaning and Nature, Consequences of</li> <li>Environmental Degradation</li> <li>b) Environment and Development,</li> <li>Environment and</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>a) Meaning and Nature, Consequences of</li> <li>Environmental Degradation</li> <li>b) Environment and Development, Environment and</li> </ul>	-
		Human Rights c) Shallow Environmentalism and Deep Environmentalism	Human Rights c) Shallow Environmentalism and Deep Environmentalism	
	JUL BORGER	<ul> <li>a) Meaning and Nature, Major</li> <li>b) Social, Economic and Political consequences of</li> <li>globalization</li> <li>c) Globalization and National Sovereignty ; Critique of</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>a) Meaning and Nature, Major</li> <li>b) Social, Economic and Political consequences of globalization</li> <li>c) Globalization and National Sovereignty ; Critique of</li> <li>Globalization</li> </ul>	-

		Globalization		
B.A.III Sem.V	International Relations	a) Meaning, Nature and Scope of International Politics	a) Meaning, Nature and Scope of International Politics	-
Paper no. VIII		b) Approaches to the study of International Politics: Realist,	b) Approaches to the study of International Politics: Realist,	-
		Idealist	Idealist	
		a) National Power: Definition, Elements of National Power	a) National Power: Definition, Elements of National Power	
		b) Diplomacy: Definition, Functions of Diplomat, Types of	b) Diplomacy: Definition, Functions of Diplomat, Types of	
		Diplomacy	Diplomacy	
B.A.III	Political Ideologies	a.) Meaning, Nature and Characteristics	a.) Meaning, Nature and Characteristics	-
Sem.V Paper	Ideologies	b) Origin and Development of Liberalism : Classical,	b) Origin and Development of Liberalism : Classical,	
no.X		Modern or Neo- Classical	Modern or Neo- Classical	
	JO COLLED	a) Meaning, Nature and Basic Principles	a) Meaning, Nature and Basic Principles	-
	and a site of a	b) Types of Socialism : Fabian Socialism, State Socialism,	b) Types of Socialism : Fabian Socialism, State Socialism,	
	7 + ADLHAPUR	Workers' Socialism, Occupational Socialism,	Workers' Socialism, Occupational Socialism,	

		Democratic Socialism	Democratic Socialism	
		a) Meaning, Development and Causes of the Rise of	a) Meaning, Development and Causes of the Rise of	
		Fascism	Fascism	-
		b) Philosophy of Fascism, Basic Principles or Characteristics	b) Philosophy of Fascism, Basic Principles or Characteristics	1.1
		<ul> <li>a) Meaning, Definition and Elements</li> <li>b) Types of Nationalism, Merits and Demerits of</li> <li>Nationalism</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>a) Meaning, Definition and Elements</li> <li>b) Types of Nationalism, Merits and Demerits of Nationalism</li> </ul>	
B.A.III Sem.VI Paper no.XIV	Indian Foreign Policy	<ul> <li>a) Meaning, Definition and Objectives</li> <li>b) Determinants and Basic Principles of India's Foreign Policy</li> <li>c) Evolution of India's Foreign Policy: Cold War and Post-Cold War Period</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>a) Meaning, Definition and Objectives</li> <li>b) Determinants and Basic Principles of India's Foreign Policy</li> <li>c) Evolution of India's Foreign Policy: Cold War and Post-Cold War Period</li> </ul>	-
	June College	<ul><li>a) India and United States of America</li><li>b) India and China</li></ul>	a) India and United States of America b) India and China	
	TOLHAPUR	a) India- Pakistan Relations b) India's East Asia Policy	a) India- Pakistan Relations b) India's East Asia Policy	-

		a) International Trade Relations	a) International Trade Relations	
		b) Migration and Indian Foreign Policy	b) Migration and Indian Foreign Policy	
B.A.III Sem.VI P.no. XII	Comparative Political Systems	<ul> <li>a) Meaning, Definition and Characteristics of Political System b) Functions of Modern</li> <li>Political System; Gabriel Almond's Approach</li> <li>c) Modern Classifications of Political Systems: Totalitarian, Oligarchic, Democratic</li> </ul>	a) Meaning, Definition and Characteristics of Political System b) Functions of Modern Political System; Gabriel Almond's Approach c) Modern Classifications of Political Systems: Totalitarian, Oligarchic, Democratic	-
		a) Unitary Government - Meaning, Characteristics, Merits and Demerits - Unitary System of Government in England	a) Unitary Government - Meaning, Characteristics, Merits and Demerits - Unitary System of Government in England	-
		b) Federal Government – Definition, Creation, Characteristics, Merits and Demerits; - American model of Federalism	<ul> <li>b) Federal Government – Definition, Creation,</li> <li>Characteristics, Merits and Demerits; - American</li> <li>model of Federalism</li> </ul>	
	÷	c) Comparison of Unitary and Federal Systems	c) Comparison of Unitary and Federal Systems	
		a) Definition, Characteristics, Unicameral and Bicameral Legislature (E.g. )	a) Definition, Characteristics, Unicameral and Bicameral Legislature (E.g.)	
		b) Functions of Legislature, Decline of Legislature	b) Functions of Legislature, Decline of Legislature	
	SULUNIA CO	a) Executive: Meaning, Definition, Types, Functions, Significance; Relation between the Legislature and the Executive	a) Executive: Meaning, Definition, Types, Functions, Significance; Relation between the Legislature and the Executive	
	JUIN 1984	b) Judiciary: Meaning, Definition, Functions, Independence of Judiciary Comparative study of structure of Judiciaries in different countries	<ul> <li>b) Judiciary: Meaning, Definition, Functions,</li> <li>Independence of Judiciary Comparative study of structure of Judiciaries in different countries</li> </ul>	

		(England, USA)	(England, USA)	
Sem VI G	Local Self Government in Maharashtra	a) Collective Development Programme	b) Collective Development Programme	-
		<ul> <li>b) Different Committees - Balwantrai Mehta</li> <li>Committee Vasantrao Naik Committee, L. N.</li> <li>Bongirwar Committee, P. B. Patil Committee</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>b) Different Committees - Balwantrai Mehta</li> <li>Committee Vasantrao Naik Committee, L. N.</li> <li>Bongirwar Committee, P. B. Patil Committee</li> </ul>	-
		a) Indian Constitution and Panchayat Raj	a) Indian Constitution and Panchayat Raj	-
		B) 73rd and 74th Constitutional Amendment	B) 73rd and 74th Constitutional Amendment	-



Ms. Samiksha Farakate

DEPARTMENT OF POLIFICAL SCIENCE POLIF MANEHAN-SIDCOLLEGE Department. KOLHAPUR (AUTONOMOUS)

## Name of Teacher: Mr. Datta Jadhav

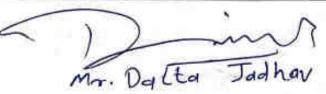
Class	Subject	Syllabus Assigned	Syllabus Completed	Syllabus not Completed
B.A.II Sem.III Paper no. IV	Indian Political Thought - I	Introduction to Ancient Indian Political Thought 1) Buddhist Political Thought 2) Shantiparva 3) Kautilya	Introduction to Ancient Indian Political Thought 1) Buddhist Political Thought 2) Shantiparva 3) Kautilya	
		M. G. Ranade 1) Political Liberalism 2) Social reforms and economic idea 3) Secular Nationalism	M. G. Ranade 1) Political Liberalism 2) Social reforms and economic idea 3) Secular Nationalism	-
B.A.II Sem.IV Paper no. V	Indian Political Thought - II	Dr. B. R. Ambedkar 1) Critique of cast system 2) Social and political democracy 3) State socialism	Dr. B. R. Ambedkar 1) Critique of cast system 2) Social and political democracy 3) State socialism	
	15 19 - E	Mahatma Gandhi 1) Gandhi's Concept of Swaraj	Mahatma Gandhi 1) Gandhi's Concept of Swaraj	-

		<ol> <li>Satya and Ahimsa</li> <li>Gandhi's Concept of Ramrajya</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Satya and Ahimsa</li> <li>Gandhi's Concept of Ramrajya</li> </ol>	
B.A.III Sem. V Paper no. IX	International Relations	International Relations a) Meaning, Nature and Scope of International Relations b) Approaches to the study of International Relations: Realist, Idealist, Marxist	<ul> <li>International Relations</li> <li>a) Meaning, Nature and Scope of International Relations</li> <li>b) Approaches to the study of International Relations: Realist, Idealist, Marxist</li> </ul>	-
		Important Concepts a) National Power: Definition, Elements of National Power b) Diplomacy: Meaning and Types	Important Concepts a) National Power: Definition, Elements of National Power b) Diplomacy: Meaning and Types	-
B.A.III Sem.V Paper no. XI	Western Political Thought – 1	Plato a) Concept of Justice b) Ideal State c) Communism	Plato a) Concept of Justice b) Ideal State c) Communism	-
	AND COL	<ul> <li>Aristotle</li> <li>a) Classification of Constitutions</li> <li>b) Nature of State and Citizenship</li> <li>c) Revolution and causes of Revolution</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Aristotle</li> <li>a) Classification of Constitutions</li> <li>b) Nature of State and Citizenship</li> <li>c) Revolution and causes of Revolution</li> </ul>	
	A DLHAPUN	Machiavelli a) Modernity b) Thoughts on Human Nature	Machiavelli a) Modernity b) Thoughts on Human Nature	-

_		<ul><li>c) Advice to the Prince</li><li>d) Morality, Religion and Politics</li></ul>	<ul><li>c) Advice to the Prince</li><li>d) Morality, Religion and Politics</li></ul>	
D A III		<ul> <li>Thomas Hobbes</li> <li>a) Thoughts of Human Nature, State of Nature</li> <li>b) Social Contract Theory and Origin of State c)Thoughts on Sovereignty</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Thomas Hobbes</li> <li>c) Thoughts of Human Nature, State of Nature</li> <li>d) Social Contract Theory and Origin of State c)Thoughts on Sovereignty</li> </ul>	
B.A.III Sem.VI P.no.XIV	Indian Foreign Policy	Foreign Policy of India a) Meaning, Definition and Objectives b) Determinants of India's Foreign Policy and Institutional Structure of India's Foreign Policy c) Basic Principles of India's Foreign Poliocy	Foreign Policy of India a) Meaning, Definition and Objectives b) Determinants of India's Foreign Policy and Institutional Structure of India's Foreign Policy c) Basic Principles of India's Foreign Poliocy	
		<ul> <li>Evolution of India's Foreign Policy</li> <li>a) Relations with the Super Powers(the USA and the USSR) in the Cold War period</li> <li>b)Multi-alignment and Relations with other</li> <li>Major Powers/Blocks in the post Cold War period(US, USSR, China, EU)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Evolution of India's Foreign Policy</li> <li>a) Relations with the Super Powers(the USA and the USSR) in the Cold War period</li> <li>b) Multi-alignment and Relations with other</li> <li>Major Powers/Blocks in the post Cold War period(US, USSR, China, EU)</li> </ul>	6-11



B.A.III Sem.VI Paper no.XVI	Western Political Thought - II	John Locke a) Social Contract – Views on Human Nature and State of Nature b) Liberalism c) Views on Rights d) Views on the Nature of Sovereignty	John Locke a) Social Contract – Views on Human Nature and State of Nature b) Liberalism c) Views on Rights d) Views on the Nature of Sovereignty	
		<ul> <li>Rousseau</li> <li>a) Social Contract – Views on Human Nature and State of Nature</li> <li>b) Views on the Nature of Sovereignty</li> <li>c) Views on Inequality and Private Property</li> <li>d) General Will and Individual Freedom</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Rousseau</li> <li>a) Social Contract – Views on Human Nature and State of Nature</li> <li>b) Views on the Nature of Sovereignty</li> <li>c) Views on Inequality and Private Property</li> <li>General Will and Individual Freedom</li> </ul>	
		J S Mill a) Utilitarianism b) Thoughts on Freedom c) Modern Liberalism d) Thoughts on Representative Democracy	J S Mill a) Utilitarianism b) Thoughts on Freedom c) Modern Liberalism d) Thoughts on Representative Democracy	
		<ul> <li>Karl Marx</li> <li>a) Critique of Capitalism: Alienation</li> <li>b) Materialistic Interpretation of History</li> <li>c) Surplus Value</li> <li>d) Class Struggle</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Karl Marx</li> <li>a) Critique of Capitalism: Alienation</li> <li>b) Materialistic Interpretation of History</li> <li>c) Surplus Value</li> <li>d) Class Struggle</li> </ul>	





Ms. Samiksha Forakate DEPARTMENT OF POLIFICAL SCIENCE P. IN WVEKANAND COLLEGE Department. KOLHAPUR (AUTONOMOUS)

Class	Subject	Syllabus Assigned	Syllabus Completed	Syllabus not Completed
B.A.II Sem.III Paper no. IV	Indian Political Thought - I	Mahatma Phule 1) Critique of cast system 2) Satyashodhak samaj and sarvajanik satyadharm 3) Concept of baliraja	Mahatma Phule 1) Critique of cast system 2) Satyashodhak samaj and sarvajanik satyadharm 3) Concept of baliraja	-
		Bal Gangadhar Tilak 1) Four-fold programme 2) Concept of swarajya 3) Nationalism	Bal Gangadhar Tilak 1) Four-fold programme 2) Concept of swarajya 3) Nationalism	-
B.A.II Sem.IV Paper no. V	Indian Political Thought - II	Dr. B. R. Ambedkar 3) Critique of cast system 4) Social and political democracy 5) State socialism	Dr. B. R. Ambedkar 3) Critique of cast system 4) Social and political democracy 3) State socialism	-
		Pundit Jawaharlal Nehru	Pundit Jawaharlal Nehru	-

## Name of Teacher: Mr. Ajay P Patil

		<ol> <li>Democratic socialism</li> <li>Concept of secularism</li> <li>Nationalism and internationalism</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Democratic socialism</li> <li>Concept of secularism</li> <li>Nationalism and internationalism</li> </ol>	
B.A.III Sem. V Paper no. VIII	Public Administration	<ul> <li>Public Administration</li> <li>a) Meaning, Definition and Nature</li> <li>b) Scope and Importance</li> <li>c) Politics and Administration</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Public Administration</li> <li>a) Meaning, Definition and Nature</li> <li>b) Scope and Importance</li> <li>c) Politics and Administration</li> </ul>	-
		Organization a) Meaning, Definition and Bases b) Principles : Hierarchy, Span of Control, Unity of Command, Centralization and Decentralization	Organization a) Meaning, Definition and Bases b) Principles : Hierarchy, Span of Control, Unity of Command, Centralization and Decentralization	-
	HILL HAPUR	Elements of Organization and Public Corporations a) Elements of Organization: Auxiliary Staff, Line Staff b) Public Corporations: Meaning, Characteristics and Control c) Privatization and Public-Private Partnership	Elements of Organization and Public Corporations a) Elements of Organization: Auxiliary Staff, Line Staff b) Public Corporations: Meaning, Characteristics and Control c) Privatization and Public-Private Partnership	-
' >		<ul> <li>Changing Perspectives in Public Administration</li> <li>e) Development Administration</li> <li>f) b) Public Choice Approach</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Changing Perspectives in Public Administration</li> <li>a) Development Administration</li> <li>b) Public Choice Approach</li> </ul>	-

		c) Scientific Management	c) Scientific Management	
B.A.III		Pundit Jawaharlal Nehru	Pundit Jawaharlal Nehru	-
Sem.V	Indian Political	1) Democratic socialism	1) Democratic socialism	
Paper no.	Thought – II	2) Composite Nationalism	2) Composite Nationalism	
XI		3) Secularism	3) Secularism	
		4) Panchsheel and Non - alignment	4) Panchsheel and Non - alignment	
		Dr. B. R. Ambedkar	Dr. B. R. Ambedkar	
		1) Critique of cast system	5) Critique of cast system	
		2) Social and parliamentary democracy	6) Social and parliamentary democracy	
		3) State socialism	7) State socialism	
		4) Views on Nationalism	8) Views on Nationalism	
B.A.III		a) Recruitment - Method, Eligibility	a) Recruitment - Method, Eligibility	
Sem.VI	Practice of Public	b) Training: Meaning, Definition, Types, Methods	b) Training: Meaning, Definition, Types, Methods	
P.no.XIII	Administration	c) Promotion: Definition and Principles	c) Promotion: Definition and Principles	
		d) Civil Services: Characteristics and Functions	d) Civil Services: Characteristics and Functions	
		a) Budget : Meaning, Definition and Types	a) Budget : Meaning, Definition and Types	-
	30 COLLEGE	b) Budgetary Process	b) Budgetary Process	
	ALL RADIAL	c) Financial Committees: Public Accounts Committee,	c) Financial Committees: Public Accounts Committee,	
	*KOLHAPUT	Estimates Committee	Estimates Committee	

	Delegated Legislation: Meaning, Types, Reasons of	Delegated Legislation: Meaning, Types, Reasons of	<b>.</b>
	Growth, Advantages and Disadvantages	Growth, Advantages and Disadvantages	
	b) Administrative Law: Origins, Scope, Reasons of	b) Administrative Law: Origins, Scope, Reasons of	
	Growth	Growth	
	a) Good Governance	a) Good Governance	
	b) People's Participation	b) People's Participation	
	Rural local self-government institutions	Rural local self-government institutions	-
Local Self-	a) Gram Panchayat	a) Gram Panchayat	
Government of Maharashtra	b) Panchayat Samiti c) Zilla Parishad	<ul><li>b) Panchayat Samiti</li><li>c) Zilla Parishad</li></ul>	1
	Government of	of         Growth, Advantages and Disadvantages         b) Administrative Law: Origins, Scope, Reasons         of         Growth         a) Good Governance         b) People's Participation         Rural local self-government institutions         a) Gram Panchayat         b) Panchayat Samiti	ofofofGrowth, Advantages and DisadvantagesGrowth, Advantages and Disadvantagesb) Administrative Law: Origins, Scope, Reasons ofb) Administrative Law: Origins, Scope, Reasons ofGrowthGrowtha) Good Governancea) Good Governanceb) People's Participationb) People's ParticipationLocal Self- Government of D Panchayat SamitiRural local self-government institutions a) Gram Panchayat b) Panchayat Samiti

Mr. Ajay P. Patil



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DEPARTMENT OF PERCENCE Vivekanand Energy Kollege (Autonomous) KOLHAPUR (AUTONOMOUS)