"Dissemination of Education for Knowledge, Science and Culture" -Shikshanmaharshi Dr. Bapuji Salunkhe

Shri Swami Vivekanand Shikshan Sanstha's Vivekanand College, Kolhapur (Empowered Autonomous)



DEPARTMENT OF MICROBIOLOGY

M. Sc. Part-I

Semester I and II

SYLLABUS

As per NEP 2020

Academic Year 2023-24

VIVEKANAND COLLEGE, KOLHAPUR (EMPOWERED AUTONOMOUS)

PG DEPARTMENT OF MICROBIOLOGY Syllabus for the Master of Science in Microbiology

M. Sc. I (Semester I & II) (National Education Policy 2020) Applicable From Academic Year: 2023 – 2024

- **1. Title**: M. Sc. Microbiology, Vivekanand College, Kolhapur (Empowered Autonomous)
- 2. Faculty: Faculty of Science and Technology.
- **3. Year of Implementation**: For M. Sc. I (Semester I and Semester II): From July 2024.
- **4. Programme Outcomes (POs):** After completing the M. Sc. Programme, the students will be able to:

PO1: Demonstrate and apply the fundamental knowledge of the basic principles

of sciences in various fields.

PO2: Create awareness and a sense of responsibility towards the environment

and society to solve the issues related to environmental pollution.

PO3: Apply their professional, social, and personal knowledge.

PO3: Competent to pursue research or pursue a career in the subject.

PO4: Apply knowledge to build up small-scale industries for developing endogenous products.

PO5: Communicate scientific information in a clear and concise manner both orally and in writing.

PO6: Inculcate logical thinking to address a problem and become result oriented with a positive attitude.

Programme Specific Outcomes

- To acquaint the students with the basic as well as advanced concepts in Microbiology.
- To make aware the students about the importance of the subject in daily life.
- 3) To improve the laboratory skills of the students.
- To prepare students for further studies helping in their bright career in the subject
- 5) To make students knowledgeable with industrial processes
- To encourage the students to think the application of the subject studies for progression of mankind.

Departmental Teaching and Evaluation Scheme

2023-2024 Microbiology M. Sc. I Semester I & II

Sr. No.	Course Abbr.	Course code	Course Name	Teac Sche	ching eme /week	Examination Scheme and Marks		Course Credit s		
				TH	PR	ESE	CIE	PR	Marks	3
			Semeste	er-I						
1	DSC-I	DSC20MIC11	Genetics and Molecular Biology	4	-	80	20	-	100	4
2	DSC-II	DSC20MIC12	Immunology	4	-	80	20	-	100	4
		DSE20MIC11	Taxonomy and Microbial Diversity							
3	DSE-I	DSE20MIC12	Virology	4	-	80	20	-	100	4
		DSE20MIC13	Biomolecules							
4	RMD	RMD20MIC11	Research Methodology	4	-	80	20	-	100	4
5	DSC-PR-I	DSC20MIC19	Microbiology Lab-I	-	12	-	-	150	150	6
	Semester-I Total		16	12	320	80	150	550	22	
			Semeste	r-II						
1	DSC-III	DSC20MIC21	Techniques in Microbiology	4	-	80	20	-	100	4
2	DSC-IV	DSC20MIC22	Microbial Physiology, Biochemistry and Metabolism	4	-	80	20	-	100	4
		DSE20MIC21	Medical Microbiology							
3	DSE-II	DSE20MIC22	Microbial Ecology	4	-	80	20	-	100	4
		DSE20MIC23	Microbial Biotechnology							
4	DSC-PR-II	DSC20MIC29	Microbiology Lab-II	-	12	-	-	150	150	6
5		FPR20MIC21	Field Project		4				100	4
	FPR/OJT-I	OJT20MIC21	On Job Training		4	-	-	-	100	4
		Semester-II	ſotal	12	16	240	60	150	550	22
		Total (Semeste	r I & II)	28	28	560	140	300	1100	44

	Mandatory		
Paper I	GENETICS AND MOLECULAR BIOLOGY Theory: 60 Hours (Credits -4)	Lecture/ Teaching hours	Credits
	Expected course outcome -		
	Upon successful completion of course, students are expected to		
	be able to –		
	 Know the mechanism of DNA replication in prokaryotes 		
	and eukaryotes		
	 Understand the concept of unique and repetitive DNA sequences 		
	• Explain the modes of cell division with respect to mitosis		
	and meiosis		
	 Know basic and advanced techniques used in molecular 		
	genetics		
Module 1	1. Origin of life- aspects of prebiotic environment, evolution of the pre-cell.	15	01
	2. Organic evolution: concepts and theories, mechanisms of		
	speciation, genetic basis of evolution - Hardy-Weinberg genetic		
	equilibrium, evolutionary clock.		
	3. Molecular basis- genetic polymorphism and		
	selection, coincidental and concerted molecular		
	basis, gene duplication, sequence divergence,		
	recombination and crossover fixation, pseudo-genes		
	as dead ends of evolution		
	4. Evidences for nucleic acids as genetic material.		
	5. Organization of eukaryotic genetic material: Operon, Unique		
	and repetitive DNA, Interrupted genes, gene families,		
	structure of chromatin and chromosomes, heterochromatin		
	and euchromatin. Polytene and Lampbrush chromosomes		
Module 2	1. Principles of Mendelian inheritance: linkage and gene mapping -Tetrad analysis, split and overlapping genes.	15	01

M. Sc. Microbiology Part – I: Semester – I

	2. Law of DNA constancy and redundancy, C-value paradox,		
	Cot curves and DNA re-association constant, dosage		
	compensation, genetic load.		
	3. Molecular basis of mitosis and meiosis		
	4. Replication of DNA and duplication of chromosomes -		
	modes and molecular mechanisms of DNA replication in		
	prokaryotes (bacteria)and eukaryotes (nuclear and		
	mitochondrial) Co-transcriptional and post-transcriptional		
	processing of RNA, structure and stability of mRNA		
Module 3	1. Translation in eukaryotes - machinery, initiation,	15	01
	elongation, termination and release, post translational		
	processing.		
	2. Localization of proteins in cell - mechanisms of		
	transport to nucleus, mitochondria, chloroplasts and		
	outside the cell		
	3. Molecular mechanism of homologous recombination		
	bacteria and other organisms- RecBCD and Ruv		
	systems, Holliday junction, interallelic, specialized		
	and site-specific recombination; Gene targeting		
	4. Restriction and modification of DNA – enzymes,		
	molecular, mechanisms and significance.		
Module 4	1. Teratogenesis- chromosome aberrations, genetic disorders;	15	01
	Genetic counseling.		
	2. Cancer and oncogenesis:		
	Transforming viruses, environmental factors causing cancer		
	carcinogens Molecular mechanism and sequence of changes		
	leading to oncogenesis - mutations, activation of proto-		
	oncogenes, loss of function of tumour suppressor (anti-cancer)		
	genes, role of apoptosis and telomere shortens in cancer.		
	3. Techniques in molecular genetics: Basic techniques - PCR,		
	LCR, Nick translation, Blotting techniques - Southern,		
	Northern and Southwestern blotting, colony hybridization		
	Applications - Chromosome walking, DNA foot printing and		
	16srRNAsequence analysis		
	4. Transfection – Protoplast fusion, electroporation		
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	REFERENCE BOOKS		
	1. Molecular Biology of the Cell by Alberts and others, Garland		
	Publishing, NY.		
	2. Concept of Evolution by P. S. Verma and V. K. Agarwal, S.		
	Chand and Co., New Delhi		
	3. Organic Evolution by N. Arumugam		
	4. Organic Evolution by R. S. Lulla, Seema Publications		
	5. Genetics by Strickberger		
	6. Microbial Genetics by D. Freifelder, J. Wiley and Sons		
	7. Genes – VI, VII, VIII and IX by B. Lewin, Jones and Bartlett Publishers		
	8. Molecular Biology of the Gene by J. D. Watson and others,		
	Benjamin Cummings Publishing Co.		
	9. Genetics by S. Mitra, Macmillan India		
	10. Genetic Engineering by S. Mitra, Macmillan India		
	11. Molecular Biology and Biotechnology by J. M. Walker and R.		
	Rapley, Panima Publishing Corp. New Delhi		
	12. Molecular Biology by P. C. Turner and others, Bioscientific		
	Publishers		
	13. Principles of Genetics and Genetic Engineering by E. John Jothi		
	Prakash, JPR Publications		
	14. Principles and Techniques of Practical Biochemistry by K.		
	Wilson and J. Walker, Cambridge University Press		
	15. Molecular Cloning A Laboratory Manual, Vol.1,2,3 by J.		
	Sambrook, E. F. Fritsch and T. Maniatis		
	16. An Introduction to Genetic Analysis Freeman1993		
	17. Molecular Genetics of Bacteria by L. Snyder and W.		
	Champness, ASM Press, Washington		
Paper II	IMMUNOLOGY	Lecture/ Teaching	Credits
	Theory : 60 Hours (Credits -4)	hours	
	On completion of course , student learn about –		
	 Functioning of immune system 		
		1	

	 Regulatory mechanisms of immune system 		
	 Cancer immunology and treatment and prevention 		
	of cancer		
	 Various serodiagnostic techniques of diseases. 		
Module1	1. MHC complex: structure, function, MHC polymorphism,	15	01
	assembly and presentation of peptide MHC complex.		
	2. Signal transduction: Ras dependent and Jak/Stat pathway,		
	signal transduction by IL-1, IL- 2 and T-cell antigen receptors		
	3. T-cell sensitization: TCR signaling by CD 45 and CD 28,		
	Interaction of T-cells with APCs.		
Module 2	1. Complement System: Regulation of complement pathways,	15	01
	complement deficiency disorders		
	2. Genetics of antibody synthesis: Types of genes, location and		
	positions of genes, genes for constant region, genes for		
	variable region of immunoglobulin		
	3. Antibody diversity: Introduction, Mechanism		
	4. Vaccines- DNA vaccines, edible vaccines, synthetic		
	peptide subunit vaccines, conjugate vaccines, recombinant		
	vector vaccine, anti-idiotypic vaccine		
Module 3	1. Transplantation immunology: Immunological basis of graft	15	01
	rejection, clinical manifestation, immunosuppressive therapy,		
	Kidney transplantation - ABO testing, pathology of graft		
	rejection		
	2. Tumor immunology: Development of tumors, Antigen of		
	tumor cells, immunological mechanisms against tumor cells,		
	escaping of tumor cell from immune response, immune		
	surveillance, immunocompromise and cancer, congenital		
	immunodeficiency and neoplasia, cancer in organ transplant		
	recipients and auto immune disorders, HIV and cancer,		
	Immunotherapy and immunoprophylaxis of human cancer.		
Module 4	1. Serodiagnosis of diseases: Approaches for serodiagnosis,	15	01
	detection of antigen or antibody, diagnostic titer, ASO, Cold		
	hemagglutination test, Weil-Felix test, Paul- Bunnel test.		
	2. Immunochemical techniques and their applications:		
	ELISA, RA test, FAT, Western blot, Technique,		

Immunoelectrophoresis (IEP), Immunodiffusion, Fluorescence
Activated Cell Sorters.
3. PCR based diagnostic tests
REFERENCE BOOKS Immunology by Stites Daniel P., Stobo John
D., Frudenberg H. H., Wells J. V
2. Biotechnology Application and Research by P. N.
Cheremisinoff and R. P. Ouellette
3. Essential Immunology by Roitt Ivan M.
4. Fundamentals of Immunology 2nd ed. by Myrrik Quentin N.
and Weiser Russell S.
5. Immunobiotechnology by Mahadev Sharma and Nirmal
Tripathi
6. Immunology by I Kannan
7. Immunology 3rd ed. by Roitt I. M., Brostoff J., Male D.K.
8. Immunology 5th ed. by R. A. Goldsby, T. J. Kindt, B. A.
Osborne, J. Kuby
9. Immunology II by Bellanti Joseph A
10. Medical Immunology 9th ed. by Daniel P. Stites, Abba I Terr,
Tristram G. Parslow
11. Medical Microbiology by Cruickshank Robert, Duguid J. P.,
Marmion B. P., Swain R.H.
12. Medical Microbiology by Irving William and others
13. Medical Microbiology 13th Edition by Jawetz Ernest, Melnick
Joseph L, Adelberg E.A.
14. Medical Microbiology 6th Edition by Gupte Satish, Jaypee
Brothers
15. Medical Microbiology S Rajan MJP Publishers.
16. Principles and techniques in Practical Biochemistry by K.
Wilson and J. M. Walker
17. Text book of Microbiology by Vasanthakumari R.
18. The text book of Microbiology by Dubey R. C., Maheshwari
D.K.

	Taxonomy and Microbial Diversity	Lectures/	Credits
	Theory: 60 Hours (Credits - 4)	Teaching hours	
	Expected course outcome -		
	Upon successful completion of course, students are expected to be able to –		
	 Understand the diversity of microorganisms 		
	 Know the concept of classification of microorganisms 		
	 Understand various characteristics of different types of microorganisms 		
	 Understand how to classify newly discovered organism 		
Module 1	1. General characteristics and outline classification of Archaea	15	01
	2. General characteristics of Methanogenic, Extremely		
	Halophilic and Extremely thermophilic Archaeobacteria		
	3. General characteristics and outline classification of		
	Actinomycetes		
	4. Space biodiversity		
	Introduction		
	Aims and common goals		
	Life detection methods		
Module 2	1. Fungi: General characteristics and outline classification of	15	01
	fungi, Morphology of some common fungi - Mucor, Rhizopus,		
	Aspergillus, Penicillium and Fusarium		
	2. Yeasts: General characteristics and outline classification of		
	yeasts		
	3. General characteristics of Lichens and Mycorrhiza		
Module 3	1. Anoxygenic photosynthetic bacteria: general	15	01
	characteristics of purple bacteria and green bacteria		
	2. Oxygenic photosynthetic bacteria: General characteristics		
	of Cyanobacteria – external and internal features,		
	physiology and Ecology		
	3. Magnetotactic bacteria- General characteristics,		
	Magnetosomes, Enrichment and isolation of		
	Magnetotactic bacteria.		

Module 4	1. Bergey's Manual System of bacterial classification Brief history of the Bergey's Manual, Prokaryotic Domains	15	01
	2. Classification of Prokaryotic organisms- Concept of bacterial,		
	Speciation, Bacterial nomenclature		
	3. Modern trends in Prokaryote taxonomy Polyphasic taxonomy-		
	Types of information used, polyphasic strategy, polyphasic		
	taxonomy in practice, Phylogenetic basis- Reconstruction and		
	interpretation of phylogenetic trees		
	REFERENCE BOOKS		
	1. Introductory Mycology by C. J. Alexopoulus (7th ed) Wiley		
	Eastern Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.		
	 Bergey's Manual of Systemic Bacteriology (2nd ed) Springer, USA. 		
	3. Basic Bacteriology (3rd ed) by C. Lamanna and F. Mallette The		
	William and Wilkins Company. Calcutta.		
	4. Fundamental Principles of Bacteriology (3rd ed) by A. J. Salle		
	TMH Publishing Company, New Delhi		
	5. The Yeasts by A. H. Rose		
	6. General Microbiology (5th ed) by R. Y. Stanier and others		
	7. The Prokaryotes: A handbook on the Biology of Bacteria		
	by Martin Dworkin (Editor-in- Chief) and others Springer		
	8. Developmental Microbiology by J. F. Peberdy Blackie &		
	Sons, Glasgow		
	VIROLOGY	Lectures/	Credits
	Theory: 60 Hours (Credits -4)	Teaching hours	
	Expected course outcome -		
	The course helps to		
	 Know life cycles of plant, animal and bacterial 		
	viruses		
	 Understand plant virus transmission, effects of 		
	viruses on plant growth, and different plant		
	diseases		
	 Understand therapy and prophylaxis of viral 		
	diseases.		

	 Learn the methods of destruction of viruses 		
Module 1	1. Single burst and premature lysis experiment for phage host	15	01
	interaction		
	2. Productive cycle of T-odd phages		
	3. Productive cycle of lambda phage		
	4. Interaction of <i>Bacillus</i> phages with their hosts.		
	5. Properties of lambda lysogeny		
	6. Brief details of lysogenic interactions of P2, P22, P1 and Mu1		
	phages		
Module 2	1. Transmission of plant viruses:	15	01
	Vector transmission- insect, nematode and fungal vectors		
	Non vector transmission- Seed transmission, graft transmission,		
	mechanical transmission		
	2. Effect of viruses on plants- roots, stem, leaves, flowers and fruits		
	3. Gene expression and replication strategies of-		
	Poty virus, TMV		
	4. Control measures of plant viral diseases		
	Vector control, Chemical control		
Module 3	1. Productive cycle of animal viruses having DNA	15	01
	Herpesviruses		
	Parvoviruses		
	2. Productive cycle of animal viruses having double stranded		
	RNA- Reo virus		
	3. Productive cycle of animal viruses having single stranded RNA		
	Rhabdo		
	Picorna		
	Retro		
	Influenza		
Module 4	1. Slow viruses – Discovery, General features and importance	15	01
	2. DI particles – general features and interactions		
	Inhibition and inactivation of bacteriophages, animal		
	viruses and plant viruses- photodynamic inhibition,		
	inactivation by heat and radiations, inactivation by		
	chemicals		

	2 Antiviral characterany concret angreach principals		
	3. Antiviral chemotherapy- general approach, principals		
	involved (inhibition of viral entry, inhibition of viral		
	nucleic acid function, inhibition of viral protein		
	function), chemicals of therapeutic use		
	REFERENCE BOOKS		
	1. General Virology- by S. Luria		
	2. Bacterial and Bacteriophage genetics- by Edward A. Birge		
	3. Principles of Bacteriology, Virology and Immunology 8th ed.		
	Vol. IV by Topley and Wilson		
	4. Introduction to Plant Virology – by BosI.		
	5. Field's Virology Vol I and II – by Lipincott		
	6. Biotechnology: application and research- by Paul N.		
	Cheremisinoff, Robert P. Ouellette		
	7. Molecular Biology and Biotechnology – by Walker and Gingold		
	8. Medical Microbiology 2nd ed by Mims, Playfour and Roitt		
	9. Brock's Biology of Microorganisms by Madigan		
	10. Advances in General Microbiology Vol.I- by Shrivastava		
	11. Plant Viruses as Molecular Pathogens by Jawed A Khan and		
	Jeanne Dijkstra		
	Biomolecules	Lectures/	Credits
	Theory: 60 Hours (Credits - 4)	Teaching hours	
	Expected course outcome -		
	Upon successful completion of course, students are expected		
	to be able to		
	 Understand different types of 		
	macromolecules of cell		
	 Understand structure of macromolecules of 		
	cell		
	 Understand synthesis of macromolecules of 		
1		1	
	cell		
	cellKnow functions of macromolecules of cell		

Module 4	1. Structure of nucleoside, nucleotide	15	01
	utilisation.		
	5. Lipids in cell membrane, Ketone bodies - formation and		
	of triacylglycerides.		
	Regulation of fatty acid synthesis and breakdown. Synthesis		
	4. Structure and composition of fatty acid synthetase complex,		
	transport.		
	3. Beta oxidation regulation. Role of acyl carnitine in fatty acid		
	waxes, terpenes, steroids and prostaglandins.		
	complex, acylglycerols, phosphoglycerides, sphingolipids,		
	properties Structure, function and properties of simple,		
	2. Fatty acids - general formula, nomenclature and chemical		
Module 3	1. Definition and classification of lipids.	15	01
	uses, pectin, Xylans		
	cell wall components. Lectins - specificity, characteristics and		
	3. Blood group sugar compounds, sugar nucleotides, bacterial		
	functions of glycoproteins and proteoglycans.		
	sugars, sialic acid and mucopolysaccharides. Structure and		
	 Complex carbohydrates: Types and general functions, amino 		
	and glycogenolysis and their regulation.		
	Biosynthesis of disaccharides and polysaccharides. Regulation of blood glucose and homeostasis, Glycogenesis		
wodule 2		15	
Module 2	 Phosphoketolase pathway Cori cycle. Interconversion of hexoses and pentoses, 	15	01
	 Glycolysis regulation, Krebs cycle regulation Phaenbakatalasa pathway 		
	acetyl coA		
	2. Gluconeogenesis from TCA intermediates or amino acids /		
	fructopyranose.		
	carbon atom, chair and boat form, glucopyranose and		
	of sugars- alcohols, amino acids and deoxy sugars)., chiral		
	non-reducing sugars, anomers, isomers, epimers, derivatives		
	oligo and poly-saccharides, with examples, reducing and		
Module 1	1. Classification and properties of carbohydrates Mono-, di-,	15	01

renaturation. Structure and functions of different types of RNA is secondary structure of DNA, Watson and Crick model of DNA. A, B and Z forms of DNA, Tm and its relation to GC content is secondary structure of DNA, Tm and its relation to GC content 4. Forces stabilizing nucleic acid structures, triple helix. Superhelix topology-Topoisomerases. Nucleic acid binding protein - Leucine is corces stabilizing nucleic acid structures, triple helix. Superhelix topology-Topoisomerases. Nucleic acid. Inborn errors of nucleic acid Metabolism REFFRENCE BOOKS 1. Lehninger's Principles of Biochemistry by D. L. Nelson and M. M. Cox, CIS Publications, 2000 is consistry by Lubert Stryer, 4th Edition 3. Biochemistry by Zubay 4. Biochemistry by Garrett and Grisham credits 5. Complex Carbohydrate by Nathan Sharon Credits RESEARCH METHODOLOGY Theory: 60 Hours (Credits - 4) Credits Upon successful completion of course, students are expected to be able to expected course outcome - Upon successful completion of course, students are expected to be able to understand fundamentals of research methodology 15 01 Module1 Fundamentals of Research Methodology 15 01 1. Meaning, Objectives, Motivation and Types of Research Research Approaches. 3. Significance of Research Methods versus Methodology, Research and Scientific Method, Importance of Knowing How Research is done? 15 01	renaturation. Structure and functions of different types of RNA Image: Secondary structure of DNA, Watson and Crick model of DNA. A, B and Z forms of DNA, I'm and its relation to GC content Image: Secondary structure of DNA, Watson and Crick model of DNA. A, B and Z forms of DNA, I'm and its relation to GC content Image: Secondary structures of DNA, I'm and its relation to GC content 4. Forces stabilizing nucleic acid structures, triple helix. Superhelix topology- Topoisomerases. Nucleic acid binding protein - Leucine Image: Secondary structures of nucleic acids. Inborn errors of nucleic acid Metabolism REFERENCE BOOKS I. Lehninger's Principles of Biochemistry by D. L. Nelson and M. M. Cox, CBS Publications, 2000 Image: Secondary structures of the Distance				
RNA 3. Secondary structure of DNA, Watson and Crick model of DNA. A, B and Z forms of DNA, Tm and its relation to GC content 4. Forces stabilizing nucleic acid structures, triple helix. Superhelix topology- Topoisomerases. Nucleic acid binding protein - Leucine 5. Chemical and enzymatic degradation of nucleic acids. Inborn errors of nucleic acid Metabolism REFERENCE BOOKS 1. Lehninger's Principles of Biochemistry by ID. L. Nelson and M. M. Cox, CBS Publications, 2000 2. Biochemistry by Zubbert Stryer, 4th Edition 3. Biochemistry by Lubert Stryer, 4th Edition 3. Biochemistry by Zubbay 4. Biochemistry by Mathan Sharon Complex Carbohydrate by Nathan Sharon RESEARCH METHODOLOGY Lectures/ Teaching Credits Vpon successful completion of course, students are expected to be able to • Understand fundamentals of research methodology 10 Module1 Fundamentals of Research Methodology 115 01 Module1 Fundamentals of Research Methodology 15 01	RNA 3. Secondary structure of DNA, Watson and Crick model of DNA. A, B and Z forms of DNA, Tm and its relation to GC content 4. 4. Forces stabilizing nucleic acid structures, triple helix. Superhelix topology- Topoisomerases. Nucleic acid binding protein - Leucine 5. Chemical and enzymatic degradation of nucleic acids. Inborn errors of nucleic acid Metabolism REFERENCE BOOKS 1. Lehninger's Principles of Biochemistry by D. L. Nelson and M. M. Cox, CBS Publications, 2000 2. Biochemistry by Lubert Stryer, 4th Edition 3. Biochemistry by Zubay 4. Biochemistry by Garrett and Crisham 5. Complex Carbohydrate by Nathan Sharon RESEARCH METHODOLOGY Lectures/ Teaching hours 7. Horry: 60 Hours (Credits - 4) Yours Credits Teaching hours 8. Expected course outcome - Upon successful completion of course, students are expected to be able to 1. Understand fundamentals of research methodology 1. Understand bioinformatics and its applications - Understand bioinformatics and its applications - Understand biostatistics Module1 Fundamentals of Research Methodology 15 01 1. Meaning, Objectives, Motivation and Types of Research 2. Research Approaches. 3. Significance of Research, Research Methods versus Methodology, Research and Scientific Method, Importance of Knowing How Research is done? 15 01		2. Properties of DNA- UV absorption, denaturation,		
3. Secondary structure of DNA, Watson and Crick model of DNA, A, B and Z forms of DNA, Tm and its relation to GC content Image: Secondary structures of DNA, Tm and its relation to GC content 4. Forces stabilizing nucleic acid structures, triple helix. Superhelix topology-Topoisomerases. Nucleic acid binding protein - Leucine Image: Secondary structures of DNA, Tm and its relation to GC content 5. Chemical and enzymatic degradation of nucleic acids. Inborn errors of nucleic acid Metabolism Image: Secondary structures of DNA, Tm and	3. Secondary structure of DNA, Watson and Crick model of DNA. A, B and Z forms of DNA, Tm and its relation to GC contentImage: content4. Forces stabilizing nucleic acid structures, triple helix. Superhelix topology- Topoisomerases. Nucleic acid binding protein - LeucineImage: content5. Chemical and enzymatic degradation of nucleic acids. Inborn errors of nucleic acid MetabolismImage: content8. REFERENCE BOOKSImage: contentImage: content1. Lehninger's Principles of Biochemistry by D. L. Nelson and M. Cox, CBS Publications, 2000Image: content2. Biochemistry by Jubert Stryer, 4th EditionBiochemistry by Zubay4. Biochemistry by ZubayImage: contentImage: content4. Biochemistry by Carboy Carbohydrate by Nathan SharonImage: contentImage: content7. Complex Carbohydrate by Nathan SharonImage: contentImage: content9. Upon successful completion of course, students are expected to be able toImage: contentImage: content9. Understand tioinformatics and its applications and writing toolsImage: contentImage: content9. Understand bioinformatics and its applications a und writing toolsImage: contentImage: content9. Understand bioinformatics and its applications Image: content and Cristif		renaturation. Structure and functions of different types of		
DNA. A, B and Z forms of DNA, Tm and its relation to GC content Image: Content of the stabilizing nucleic acid structures, triple helix. Superhelix topology- Topoisomerases. Nucleic acid binding protein – Leucine Image: Content of the stabilizing nucleic acid structures, triple helix. Superhelix topology- Topoisomerases. Nucleic acid binding protein – Leucine Image: Content of the stabilizing nucleic acid structures, triple helix. Superhelix topology- Topoisomerases. Nucleic acids. Inborn errors of nucleic acid Metabolism Image: Content of the structures, triple helix. Superhelix topology- Topoisomerases. Nucleic acids. Inborn errors of nucleic acid Metabolism REFERENCE BOOKS I. Lehninger's Principles of Biochemistry by D. L. Nelson and M. M. Cox, CBS Publications, 2000 Image: Content of the structures, triple helix. Superhelix ty y Lubert Stryer, 4th Edition Image: Content of the structures, triple helix. Superhelix ty y Zubay Image: Content of the structures, triple helix. 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3. Significance of Research, Research Methods versus Methodology, Research and Scientific Method, Importance of Knowing How Research is done?	 3. Significance of Research, Research Methods versus Methodology, Research and Scientific Method, Importance of Knowing How Research is done? 	Module 1	 and writing tools Understand bioinformatics and its applications Understand biostatistics 	15	01
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Knowing How Research is done?	Knowing How Research is done?	Module 1	and writing tools Understand bioinformatics and its applications Understand biostatistics Fundamentals of Research Methodology Meaning, Objectives, Motivation and Types of Research 	15	01
		Module 1	and writing tools Understand bioinformatics and its applications Understand biostatistics Fundamentals of Research Methodology Meaning, Objectives, Motivation and Types of Research Research Approaches. 	15	01
	4. Criteria of Good Research, research process and steps	Module 1	 and writing tools Understand bioinformatics and its applications Understand biostatistics Fundamentals of Research Methodology Meaning, Objectives, Motivation and Types of Research Research Approaches. Significance of Research, Research Methods versus 	15	01
4. Criteria of Good Research, research process and steps		Module 1	 and writing tools Understand bioinformatics and its applications Understand biostatistics Understand biostatistics Fundamentals of Research Methodology Meaning, Objectives, Motivation and Types of Research Research Approaches. Significance of Research, Research Methods versus Methodology, Research and Scientific Method, Importance of 	15	01

	involved		
	5. Hypothesis: Meaning, function and types of hypothesis;		
	Null/Alternative hypothesis		
	6. Literature survey, sources of information, review.		
	7. Ethical issues and intellectual property rights		
	8. Publication process, selection of journals, citation index,		
	impact factor, h-index, i10 index, Journal Cite Score, Google		
	scholar index, Research gate, Academia, etc		
Module 2	Interpretation and Report Writing	15	01
	1. Meaning of Interpretation, Why Interpretation? Technique of		
	Interpretation, Precaution in Interpretation		
	2. Significance of Report Writing, Different Steps in Writing		
	Report, Layout of the Research Report, Types of Reports		
	3. Mechanics of Writing a Research Report: Writing		
	preliminaries, main body of research, references and		
	bibliography		
	4. Precautions for Writing Research Reports.		
	5. Meaning and importance of workshop, seminar, conference,		
	symposium, etc. in research		
	6. Plagiarism- Concept and significance of plagiarism.		
	7. Writing tools: Grammerly, Answerthepublic, Quillbot,		
	Notion, Buzzsumo, Copyscape, Chatgpt, gimger		
	8. Referencing and citation tool: Endnote, Mendeley, Jabref,		
	Zotero		
Module 3	Bioinformatics and its applications 1. Bioinformatics Definition, components, objectives, databases	15	01
	definition, biological databases, types and examples, database		
	management systems (DBMS)		
	2. Pattern matching and sequence alignment of nucleic acids and		
	proteins - fundamental principles of pairwise sequence		
	alignment, local and global alignment, multiple sequence		
	alignment, sequence alignment tools and databases		
	3. Database Search engines: Google Scholar, Wiki- Databases,		
	Science Direct, SciFinder, Scopus, inflibinet, Web of Science,		

	Indian Citation Index		
	4. Publishers in life Sciences: American Chemical Society, Royal		
	Society of Chemistry, Taylor and Francis, Elsevier, Springer,		
	Wiley, Themie		
Module 4	Biostatistics	15	01
	1. Basic concepts of biostatistics- definitions of statistics and		
	biostatistics, population, sample, variable and the various		
	types, statistic and parameter		
	2. Collection and presentation of data: primary and secondary		
	data, collection of data – enumeration and measurement,		
	significant digits, rounding of data, accuracy and precision,		
	recording of data. Tabular and diagrammatic presentation -		
	arrays, frequency distribution, bar diagrams, histograms and		
	frequency polygons		
	3. Descriptive statistics: measures of central tendency-mean,		
	median and mode, measures of dispersion		
	REFERENCE BOOKS:		
	1. Kumar R., Research Methodology - A Step-By-Step Guide for		
	Beginners, Pearson Education, Delhi (2006).		
	2. Montgomery, D. C., Design & Analysis of Experiments, 5th		
	Ed., Wiley India (2007).		
	3. Kothari, C. R., Research Methodology-Methods and		
	Techniques, 2nd Ed., New Age International, New Delhi.		
	4. Ram Ahuja, "Research Methods", (2001), Rawat Publications, New Delhi.		
	5. Cooper D., Schindler P., Business research methods", (2003)		
	Tata Mc-GrawHill, New Delhi		
	6. Bioinformatics: A Beginner's Guide by Jean-Michel Claverie		
	and C. Notredame (2003), Wiley Dream tech India (P) Ltd.,		
	New Delhi – 110 002		
	7. Elementary Bioinformatics by I. A. Khan (2005), Pharma Book		
	Syndicate, Hyderabad		
	8. Bioinformatics: sequence and genome analysis by D. W.		
	Mount (2001), Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, New		

York		
by Wayne Daniel (7th Ed) Wiley- India edition		
10. Biostatistics by N. Gurumani MJP Publishers		
Practical Course Semester I		
Genetics and Molecular Biology	2	
1. Isolation of RNA from yeasts		
2. Isolation of Plasmid DNA from bacteria		
3. Thermal denaturation of DNA		
4. Gene transfer in <i>E. coli</i> by –conjugation		
5. Demonstration of protoplast fusion in bacteria		
6. Estimation of mutation rate in <i>E. coli</i>		
7. Synthesis of inducible enzyme β -galactosidase in <i>E. coli</i>		
8. PCR (demonstration)		
9. Detection of karyotyping		
10. Determination of genetic map unit		
Immunology	2	
1. Ouchterlony's double diffusion test		
2. Radial immuno diffusion test		
3. Immunoelectrophoresis test		
4. ASO test		
5. RA test		
6. RPR test		
7. Isolation of immunoglobulins from whole blood		
8. VDRL test		
Taxonomy and Microbial Diversity	2	
1. Isolation and morphological study of Aspergillus species by		
slide culture method		
2. Isolation and morphological study of <i>Penicillium</i> species by		
slide culture method		
3. Isolation and morphological studies of yeast from sugar and		
starchy materials		
4. Induction and observation of Ascospores of Saccharomyces		
	 9. Biostatistics A foundation for Analysis in the Health Sciences, by Wayne Daniel (7th Ed) Wiley- India edition 10. Biostatistics by N. Gurumani MJP Publishers Practical Course Semester I Genetics and Molecular Biology 1. Isolation of RNA from yeasts 2. Isolation of Plasmid DNA from bacteria 3. Thermal denaturation of DNA 4. Gene transfer in <i>E. coli</i> by -conjugation 5. Demonstration of protoplast fusion in bacteria 6. Estimation of mutation rate in <i>E. coli</i> 7. Synthesis of inducible enzyme β-galactosidase in <i>E. coli</i> 8. PCR (demonstration) 9. Detection of karyotyping 10. Determination of genetic map unit Immunology 1. Ouchterlony's double diffusion test 2. Radial immuno diffusion test 3. Immunoelectrophoresis test 4. ASO test 5. RA test 6. RPR test 7. Isolation of immunoglobulins from whole blood 8. VDRL test 1. Isolation and morphological study of <i>Aspergillus</i> species by slide culture method 2. Isolation and morphological study of <i>Penicillium</i> species by slide culture method 3. Isolation and morphological study of yeast from sugar and starchy materials 	9. Biostatistics A foundation for Analysis in the Health Sciences, by Wayne Daniel (7th Ed) Wiley- India edition 10. Biostatistics by N. Gurumani MJP Publishers Practical Course Semester I Genetics and Molecular Biology 2 1. Isolation of RNA from yeasts 2. Isolation of Plasmid DNA from bacteria 3. Thermal denaturation of DNA 4. Gene transfer in <i>E. coli</i> by -conjugation 5. Demonstration of protoplast fusion in bacteria 6. Estimation of mutation rate in <i>E. coli</i> 7. Synthesis of inducible enzyme β-galactosidase in <i>E. coli</i> 8. PCR (demonstration) 9. Detection of karyotyping 10. Determination of genetic map unit Immunology 2 1. Ouchterlony's double diffusion test 2. Radial immuno diffusion test 3. Immunoelectrophoresis test 4. ASO test 5. RA test 6. RPR test 7. Isolation and morphological study of <i>Aspergillus</i> species by slide culture method 2. Isolation and morphological study of <i>Penicillium</i> species by slide culture method 3. Isolation and morphological study of yeast from sugar and starchy materials

5. Isolation and morphological studies of Actinomycetes by coverslip technique
6. Isolation and Characterization of thermophilic bacteria
7. Isolation and Characterization of acidophilic bacteria
8. Isolation and Characterization of halophilic bacteria
Virology
1. Phage typing of <i>E. coli</i>
2. Titration of <i>E. coli</i> phages
3. Preparation of high titer stock of <i>E. coli</i> phages
4. Study of one step growth of T-4phage
5. Isolation of plaque morphology mutants of phages by using UV radiations
6. Isolation of plaque morphology mutants of phages by using
chemical mutagen
7. Demonstration of egg inoculation techniques
 Biomolecules
1. Estimation of reducing sugar concentration by DNSA method
2. Estimation total sugar concentration by
Phenol-H2SO4 method and Anthrone method
3. Estimation of glucose concentration by
a) Glucose oxidase method
4. Determination of fructose concentration by resorcinol method.
5. Estimation of Cholesterol
6. Estimation of Inorganic phosphate by Fiske & Subbarow
Method
7. Estimation of Vit C concentration by DCPIP method
8. Isolation of Characterization of casein from milk.
9. Isolation and characterization of starch from potato
10. Isolation of cholesterol and lecithin from egg yolk
REFERENCE BOOKS
1. Practical Microbiology by R. C. Dubey and D. K. Maheshwari.
S. Chand &Co.

2. Environmental Science and Biotechnology: Theory	v and	
Techniques by A. G. Murugesan and C. Rajakuma	ri. MJP	
Publishers		
3. Medical Microbiology by Cruickshank and others	ELBS	
Publications		
4. Experimental Microbiology by R. J. Patel. Aditya I	Publishers,	
Ahmedabad		
5. Laboratory Methods in Food Microbiology by Har	rigan,	
Academic Press		
6. Identification Methods for Microbiologists by B. M	1. Gibbs and	
F. A. Skinner. Academic Press		
7. Laboratory Microbiology by L. Jack Bradshaw. W.	B. Saunders	
& Co.		
8. Benson's Microbiological Applications: Laborator	y Manual in	
General Microbiology by Alfred E. Brown		
9. Microbiological Methods by Michael Collins		
10. Handbook of Microbiological Media by R. M. Atl	as. CRC	
Publications		
11. Laboratory Exercises in Microbiology by Robert A	A. Pollock	
and other		
12. Applied Microbiology Laboratory Manual by F. I	Duncan.	
13. Practical Handbook of Microbiology by Emanuel	Golman and	
Lawrence H. Green, 2ndEd		
14. Procedures/Guidelines for the Microbiology Lab	oratory	
15. Laboratory Exercises in Microbiology 5th ed. Harl	ey Prescott	
16. Practical Biochemistry: An Introductory Course b	y Fiona Frais.	
17. Basic Biochemical Methods 2nd ed R. R. Alexand	ler J. M.	
Griffith		
18. Biochemical Methods 2nd ed. by S. Sadasivam ar	nd A.	
Manickam.		
19. Hawk's Physiological Chemistry ed. by Bernard	L Oser.	
20. A Textbook of Practical Biochemistry by David P	lummer.	
21. Laboratory Manual in Biochemistry by S. Jayarar	nan	

	SEMESTER II		
Paper V	TECHNIQUES IN MICROBIOLOGY	Lectures/	Credits
	Theory: 60 Hours (Credits -4)	Teaching hours	
	Expected course outcome -		
	Upon successful completion of course, students are expected to be able to –		
	 Understand various traditional and advanced techniques used in life science laboratory 		
	 Understand the working and mechanism of the techniques used in the life science research 		
	 Know regarding the ethics that have to follow in research studies 		
	 Understand different applications of the techniques in the research work 		
Module 1	1. Enrichment culture techniques – principles and selective	15	01
	Factors employed, enrichment systems – closed and open,		
	single cell isolation methods		
	2. Principles and methods of preservation of bacteria, viruses,		
	yeasts and molds		
	3. Isolation and cultivation of anaerobes – principles, reducing		
	agents, indicators, anaerobic jar methods and anaerobic glove		
	box, Hungate's roll tube technique and its serum bottle modification.		
	4. Isolation of human and animal pathogenic fungi		
	5. Microscopic techniques-		
	Electron microscopy – principles and working of transmission		
	and scanning microscopes.		
	Dark field, phase contrast, polarisation, differential		
	interference contrast (DIC), fluorescence, confocal scanning,		
	scanning tunneling, atomic force microscopy.		
Module 2	1. Good laboratory practices:	15	01
	Accuracy in preparation of solutions, media, etc.		
	Qualifications of equipment – design (DQ),		
	installation (IQ), operational (OQ) and performance		
	(PQ), Validation and calibration		

	Documentation- Concepts, necessity and types		
	 Safety in the laboratory: 		
	Common hazards in the laboratory–		
	Electrical equipment		
	Chemicals – corrosive, irritant, toxic, flammable, explosive		
	Ionising radiations, Infectious materials, Gas and fire		
	Safety measures-		
	In the use of equipments and gas facility		
	Personal protection		
	Waste disposal		
	First aid		
	3. Cell disruption methods – principles and methods of		
	disruption of microbial, plant and animal cells and separation		
	of cellular components		
Module 3	1. Chromatography – general principles and working of Column	15	01
	chromatography – gel, ion exchange. Gas chromatography		
	HPLC		
	2. Electrophoresis- Polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis (PAGE) -		
	native and gradient gels, DNA Sequencing gels, SDS-PAGE,		
	isoelectric focusing, 2-DPAGEAgarose gel electrophoresis-		
	DNA gel, Pulsed field gel, RNA electrophoresis. Capillary		
	electrophoresis		
	3. Centrifugation – principles of differential and density		
	Gradient centrifugation, sedimentation		
	coefficient determination		
Module 4	1. Spectroscopy – Principles of IR and Raman	15	01
	spectrophotometry, turbidimetry and nephelometry,		
	fluorimetry, luminometry, circular dichroism and optical		
	rotational dichroism spectrophotometry, ESR, NMR, Mass		
	spectrometry, X – ray crystallography		
	2. Radioisotopic techniques- Nature of radioactivity and general		
	principles of radioisotopic techniques Methods of detection of		
	radioactivity – gas ionization (GM counter), excitation		
	(scintillation) and exposure of photographic emulsions		
	(community and exposure of photographic entailority		

 be able to – Understand various chemical reactions occurring during growth of organisms 		
Upon successful completion of course, students are expected to		
 Expected course outcome -		
Theory: 60 Hours (Credits -4)		
METABOLISM	Teaching hours	
MICROBIAL PHYSIOLOGY, BIOCHEMISTRY AND	Lectures/	Credits
Asokan, Chinnaa Publications		
10. Analytical Biochemistry (Biochemical Techniques) by P.		
Publications		
9. Protein Purification by R. Scopes, Springer Verlag		
8. Tools in Biochemistry by D. Cooper		
7. Isolation Methods for Anaerobes by Shapton, Academic Press		
Research Institute, Pune		
Manual by D. R. Ranadeand R. V. Gadre, MACS, Agharkar		
6. Microbiological aspects of Anaerobic Digestion – Laboratory		
others, NIN, Hyderabad		
5. A manual of Laboratory Techniques by N. Raghuramulu and		
Chennai		
4. Bioinstrumentation by L. Veerakumari, MJP Publishers,		
Gurumani, MJP Publishers, Chennai		
3. Research Methodology for Biological Sciences by N.		
Wilson and J. M. Walker		
2. Principles and techniques in Practical Biochemistry by K.		
Academic Press, NY.		
1. Methods in Microbiology (series) by Norris and Ribbons,		
applications of the pH, ion selective and oxygen electrodes REFERENCE BOOKS		
electrochemical cells and potentiometry, principles and		
3. Electrochemical techniques – general principles of		
other methods		
radioisotope tracer technique, isotope dilution assay (RIA) and		
(autoradiography). Methods of using radioisotopes –		

Module 1	 Know biosynthesis of macromolecules Understand mechanisms of macromolecules degradation Understand basic concepts and some recent developments in biochemistry Carbohydrate metabolism: Citric acid cycle-Steps involved, Amphibolic nature, anaplerotic reactions. Oxidation of hydrocarbons: Aliphatic hydrocarbons: alkanes and alkenes- alpha, beta and omega oxidation Aromatic hydrocarbons - beta keto adipate pathway, Valerate pathway and gentisate pathway 	15	01
	 Oxidation of fatty acids and phospholipids: beta-oxidation of fatty acids, phospholipases and thioesterases, Catabolism of amino acids (General reactions) Pasteur and Crabtree effect Autotrophy - Concept, factors for, types of autotrophs, mechanisms 		
Module 2	 Respiratory metabolism: Mitochondrial ETC- structure of mitochondrion, ETC and its components, Shuttle system across membrane, Atkinson's energy charge. Oxygen toxicity- mechanism of oxygen toxicity, mechanism to overcome the toxicity - catalase, peroxidase and super oxide dismutase Photo-phosphorylation in bacteria- Photosynthetic and non-photosynthetic ETC Cyclic and non-cyclic photophosphorylation Drug metabolism in the body, mechanisms of detoxification o various substances Fermentation of saccharolytic clostridia and propionic acid herterin 	15	01
Module 3	bacteria 1. Protein chemistry- Structure of peptide bond, stabilization of	15	01

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	conformation, Secondary structure, alpha helix, beta		
	conformation, Ramachandran plot, Tertiary structure		
	Quaternary structure		
	2. Biosynthesis of amino acids: a- ketoglutarate		
	oxaloacetate family, Pyruvate family		
	3. Lipid metabolism in prokaryotes-		
	Biosynthesis of fatty acids		
	Phospholipid biosynthesis – phosphatidylethanolamine and		
	Phosphatidylglycerol		
	Regulation of lipid metabolism		
	4. Purine and pyridine biosynthesis- de novo pathway and		
	salvage pathway		
Module 4	1. Osmosis- Effect of osmotic stress on microorganisms,	15	01
	plasmolysis and plasmoptysis, Microbial response to		
	osmotic stress		
	2. Permeation- Primary active transport, secondary active		
	transport, co-transport Transport of ions		
	across the membrane V-type, F-type and P		
	type ATPases		
	3. Bio-signaling- Molecular mechanisms, signaling in bacteria-		
	The two- component signaling mechanism in bacterial		
	chemotaxis		
	4. Microbial hormones and quorum sensing in		
	microorganisms		
	REFERENCE BOOKS		
	1. Text book of Biochemistry 4th ed. by West, Todd, Mason and		
	Burgen		
	2. Principles of Biochemistry 5th ed. by White, Handler, Smith		
	3. Lehninger Principles of Biochemistry by Nelson and Cox		
	4. Biochemistry by Zubay		
	5. Elements of Biochemistry by O. P. Agrawal		
	6. Bacterial Metabolism by H. W. Doelle		
	7. Bacterial Metabolism by Gottschalk		
	8. Advances in General Microbiology by Shrivastava		
	9. Biochemistry by Stryer		
			1

	Biochemistry of Lipids, Lipoproteins and membranes by D.		
	E. Vance and J. E. Vance Elsevier Science		
	10. Microbial Physiology by A. G. Moat and others Wiley India		
	Edition		
	MEDICAL MICROBIOLOGY	Lectures/	Credits
	Theory: 60 Hours (Credits -4)	Teaching hours	
	Expected course outcome -		
	Upon successful completion of course, students are expected to		
	be able to –		
	 Understand various bacterial, fungal, and viral diseases 		
	in humans		
	 Understand mechanisms of disease development 		
	 Understand medical applications of microbial 		
	metabolites		
	 Know immunological disorders. 		
Module 1	1. Virulence: Establishment, spreading, bacterial adhesion to	15	01
	host cells, bacterial invasion of host cells and its		
	mechanisms		
	2. Attributes of microorganisms that enable them to cause		
	disease: Exotoxins (Diptheria, Cholera, Clostridial,		
	Staphylococcal)		
	Endotoxins of gram-negative bacteria		
	Extracellular enzymes (Coagulase, Lysozyme)		
	3. Pathogen survival mechanisms:		
	Capsulation, sporulation, cyst formation		
	Against Environmental factors-		
	Physical (Heat, radiations)		
	Chemical (antibiotics and disinfectants)		
	immune escape mechanisms		
	4. Collection and transport of clinical specimens (clinical		
	samples from throat, alimentary tract, genito-urinary tract,		
	conjuctiva, ear, blood), preliminary processing of specimens		
Module 2	1.Bacterial Diseases: causative agent - morphological, cultural,	15	01
	biochemical, antigenic characters; lab diagnosis,		

transmission, prevention and control of diseases caused by Leptospirin icterohemorrhagy, Streptococcus mutums Rickettsia burnetti, Mycobacterium tuberculosis 2.Fungal Diseases: Etiology, clinical features, pathogenesis, laboratory diagnosis, prevention and control Superficial Mycoses -Pityriasis Subcutaneous Mycoses - Mycetoma 59stemic Mycoses -Fistoplasmosis Module 3 1.Etiology, clinical features, pathogenesis, Laboratory diagnosis, Prevention and control of diseases caused by- 15 Herpes virus Encephalitis virus Influenza -H1N1 2. Diseases caused by Protozoa - Leishmaniasis, Filariasis Pathology of AIDS and prevalence of Tuberculosis, Mycoplasma and Cryptococcus infections 3. Special microbial metabolites and their applications in health care - Lovastatin, Daunorubicin 15 01 Module 4 1. B-cell immune deficiency disorders: 15 01 X-linked a gamma globinaemia Selective EgA and EgM deficiency 15 01 X-linked a result elangiectasia Graft versus hostdisease. 15 01 X-linked isorders: complement component deficiency 5. Rheumatic disease: Systemic lupus erythematosus 15 01 Katxia telangiectasia Graft versus hostdisease. 4. Complement diseases: Organ speci				
burnetti, Mycobacterium luberculosis 2. Fungal Diseases: Etiology, clinical features, pathogenesis, laboratory diagnosis, prevention and control Superficial Mycoses -Pityriasis Subcutaneous Mycoses -Mycetoma Systemic Mycoses -Histoplasmosis Module 3 1. Etiology, clinical features, pathogenesis, Laboratory diagnosis, Prevention and control of diseases caused by- Herpes virus Encephalitis virus Influenza -H1N1 2. Diseases caused by Protozoa - Leishmaniasis, Filariasis Pathology of ADS and prevalence of Tuberculosis, Mycoplasma and Cryptococcus infections 3. Special microbial metabolites and their applications in health care - Lovastatin, Daunorubicin Module 4 1. B-cell immune deficiency disorders: X-linked a gamma globinaemia Selective IgA and IgM deficiency 2. T-cell immunodeficiency disorders: Ataxia telangiectasia Cardi versus hostdisease. 4. Complement disorders: complement component deficiency 5. Rheumatic disease: Systemic lupus erythematosus 6. Atopic diseases: Allergic rhmitis and asthma 7. Autoimmune diseases: Organ specific and systemic autoimmune diseases: Organ specific and systemic autoimmune diseases: Organ specific and systemic 8. Atopic diseases: Allergic rhmitis and asthma 7. Autoimmune diseases: Organ specific and systemic autoimmu				
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Subcutaneous Mycoses - Mycetoma Systemic Mycoses - Histoplasmosis Module 3 1.Etiology, clinical features, pathogenesis, Laboratory diagnosis, Prevention and control of diseases caused by- Herpes virus Encephalitis virus Influenza - H1N1 2. Diseases caused by Protozoa - Leishmaniasis, Filariasis Pathology of AIDS and prevalence of Tuberculosis, Mycoplasma and Cryptococcus infections 3. Special microbial metabolites and their applications in health care - Lovastatin, Daunorubicin Module 4 1. B-cell immune deficiency disorders: X-linked a gamma globinaemia Selective IgA and IgM deficiency 2. T-cell immunodeficiency disorders: Congenital thymic aplassia 3. Combined B-cell and T-cell immunodeficiency disorders: Ataxia telangiectasia Graft versus hostdisease. 4. Complement disorders: complement component deficiency 5. Rheumatic disease: Systemic lupus erythematosus 6. Atopic diseases: Allergic rhinitis and asthma 7. Autoimmune diseases: Organ specific and systemic autoimmunity and treatment REFERENCE BOOKS 1. Basic and clinical Immunology by D. P. Stite				
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1. Basic and clinical Immunology by D. P. Stites, J. D. Stobo, H.		autoimmunity and treatment		
		REFERENCE BOOKS		
H. Frudenber, J. V. Wells		1. Basic and clinical Immunology by D. P. Stites, J. D. Stobo, H.		
		H. Frudenber, J. V. Wells		

 microbial life Know interactions of microbes with other microbes and other living systems like plants and animals. 		
 Understand concept of incrobial ecosystem Understand the effect of environmental factors on the 		
 be able to – Understand concept of microbial ecosystem 		
Upon successful completion of course, students are expected to		
Expected course outcome -		
Theory: 60 Hours (Credits -4)	hours	
MICROBIAL ECOLOGY	Lectures/ Teaching	Credits
 17. Immunology 3rd ed. by I. M. Roitt, J. Brostoff and D. K. Male		
16. Essential Immunology by I. M. Roitt		
R. S.Weiser		
15. Fundamentals of Immunology 2nd ed. by Q. N. Myrrik and		
Osborne and J. Kuby		
14. Immunology 5th ed. by R. A. Goldsby, T. J. Kindt, B. A.		
Cheremisinoff and R. P. Ouellette		
13. Biotechnology Application and Research by P. N.		
12. Immunobiotechnology by M. Sharma and N. Tripathi		
11. Immunology by I Kannan		
Parslow		
10. Medical Immunology 9th ed. by D. P. Stites, I. T. Abba, T. G.		
9. Immunology II by J. A. Bellanti		
8. Medical Microbiology by S. Rajan MJP Publishers		
7. Text book of Microbiology by R. Vasanthkumari		
Maheshwari		
6. The Textbook of Microbiology, by R. C. Dubey and D. K.		
Marmion, R. H. A. Swain		
5. Medical Microbiology, by R. Cruickshank, J. P. Duguid, B. P.		
Aladeen		
4. Medical Microbiology, by W. Irving, T. Boswell and D.		
Brothers Publications		
3. Medical Microbiology, 6th Edition by S. Gupte, Jaypee		
 Medical Microbiology, 13th Edition by E. Jawetz, J. L. Melnick, E. A. Adelberg 		

	 Know control of pest with biological way. 		
Module 1	1. Concept and importance of microbial ecology.	15	01
	Microbial communities and ecosystems - Development of		
	microbial communities, Experimental Ecosystem models -		
	Batch system, Flow Through System, Microcosm, Germ free		
	animal		
	2. Physiological ecology of Microorganisms: abiotic		
	limitations to microbial growth, starvation strategies,		
	environmental determinants -temperature, radiation,		
	pressure, salinity, water activity, pH, redox potential,		
	magnetic force, organic and inorganic compounds		
Module 2	1. Culture dependent and culture independent analyses of	15	01
	microbial communities		
	2. Quantitative ecology: Sample collection, processing		
	and detection of microbial populations		
	3. Determination of microbial numbers, biomass, measurement		
	of microbial metabolism		
Module 3	1. Biological interactions –	15	01
	Microbe - Microbe interactions - Interaction within single		
	microbial population- positive and negative interactions,		
	Interactions between diverse microbial populations-		
	mutualism, commensalism, synergism, ammensalism,		
	parasitism and predation		
	2. Microbe – Plant interactions – Interactions with aerial plant		
	structures		
	3. Microbe - Animal interactions- Microbial contributions to		
	animal nutrition, Commensal and mutualistic intestinal		
	symbionts, Symbiotic light production		
Module 4	1. The animal as an environment – The indigenous microbial	15	01
	population of alimentary tract and skin, factors affecting		
	composition of flora, sources of nutrients for organisms in		
	the alimentary tract and on skin, energy metabolism in		
	rumen		
	2. Ecological control of pests and disease causing populations		

	Modification of populations, reservoirs of pathogens and		
	vector populations. Microbial control of pests, genetic		
	engineering in biological control		
	REFERENCE BOOKS		
	1. Microbial Ecology by M. Lynch and others		
	2. Experimental Microbial Ecology by R. C. Burns and others		
	3. Environmental Microbiology by K. Vijaya Ramesh, MJP		
	Publishers		
	4. Microbial Ecology by Larry L. Barton and Diana E. Northup		
	Copyright © 2011 Wiley-Blackwell.		
	5. Soil Microbiology by N. S. Subba Rao Oxford and IBH		
	Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd		
	6. Introduction to Soil Microbiology by M. Alexander, John		
	Wiley and Sons Inc. New York, London		
	7. Microbial Ecology by R. M. Atlas and R. Bartha		
	8. The Prokaryotes: A handbook on the Biology of Bacteria; M.		
	Dworkin (Editor in Chief) and others.		
Paper VII	Microbial Biotechnology	Lectures/	Credits
E 3	Theory: 60 Hours (Credits - 4)	Teaching hours	
	On completion of course, students learn about –		
	 Scope of biotechnology for betterment of human life 		
	 Production of various microbial products through gene engineering 		
	 Various applications of microbial biotechnology in agriculture, food, and pharmaceutical industry 		
Module 1	1. Microbial biotechnology: Scope and its applications in	15	01
	human therapeutics, agriculture (Bio fertilizers, PGPR		
	Mycorrhizae), environmental, and food technology		
	2. Use of prokaryotic and eukaryotic microorganisms in		
	biotechnological applications		
	3. Genetically engineered microbes for industrial application:		
			1
	Bacteria and Yeast		

	pharmaceutical industries Streptokinase, recombinant		
	vaccines (Hepatitis B vaccine)		
	2. Microbial polysaccharides and polyesters,		
	3. Microbial production of bio-pesticides, bioplastics		
	4. Microbial biosensors		
Module 3	1. Applications of recombinant DNA technology –	15	01
	Synthesis of commercial products: Amino acids, ascorbic		
	acid, novel antibiotics, peptide antibodies		
	2. Synthesis of biopolymers: gum, rubber,		
	Polyhydroxyalkanoates		
	3. Unconventional microbial systems for production of high		
	quality protein drugs		
Module 4	Upstream, Fermentation and Downstream Processing	15	01
	for the following:		
	1. Antibiotics (Rifamycin)		
	2. Microbial enzymes (Chitinase).		
	3. Exopolysaccharides (Pullulan)		
	4. Vitamins (Beta carotene)		
	REFERENCE BOOKS		
	1. Ratledge, C and Kristiansen, B. (2001). Basic Biotechnology,		
	2 nd Edition, Cambridge University Press.		
	2. Demain, A. L and Davies, J. E. (1999). Manual of Industrial		
	Microbiology and Biotechnology, 2nd Edition, ASM Press.		
	3. Gupta PK (2009) Elements of Biotechnology 2nd edition,		
	Rastogi Publications		
	4. Lazer AN and Nikaido H (2007) Microbial Biotechnology,		
	2nd edition, Cambridge University Press		
	5. Lydersen B., N. a. D' Elia and K. M. Nelson (Eds.) (1993) ,		
	Bioprocess Engineering: Systems, Equipment and Facilities,		
	John Wiley and Sons Inc.		
	6. Operational Modes of Bioreactors, (1992) BIOTOL series,		
	Butterworths Heinemann. Shuichi and Aiba.		
	7. Biochemical Engineering. Academic Press. 1982 Stanbury and		
	Whittaker. Fermentation technology		

		1
8. Swartz, J. R. (2001). Advances in Escherichia coli production		
of therapeutic proteins. Current Opinion in Biotechnology,		
12, 195–201.		
9. Prescott, Harley and Klein's Microbiology by Willey JM,		
Sherwood LM, Woolverton CJ (2014), 9th edition, Mc Graw		
Hill Publishers.		
10. Dubasi Govardhana Rao, 2010 Introduction to Biochemical		
Engineering Tata Mcgraw Hill Education		
11. Peter F. Stanbury. Principles Of Fermentation Technology,		
2E, Elsevier (A Division of Reed Elsevier India Pvt. Limited),		
2009 15 lectures 8		
12. Vijai Kumar Gupta, Monika Schmoll, Minna Maki, Maria		
Tuohy, Marcio Antonio Mazuteditors Applications of		
Microbial Engineering. CRC Press 2013		
13.Glick BR, Pasternak JJ, and Patten CL (2010) Molecular		
Biotechnology 4th edition, ASM Press,		
14. Stanbury PF, Whitaker A, Hall SJ (1995) Principles of		
Fermentation Technology 2nd edition. Elsevier Science		
15. Crueger W, Crueger A (1990) Biotechnology: A text Book		
ofIndustrial Microbiology 2nd edition Sinauer associates, Inc		
16. Sudhir U. Meshram, Ganghdhar B Shinde, Applied		
biotechnology. I. K. International Pvt. Ltd. 2009		
Practical Course of Semester II		
Techniques in Microbiology	2	
1. Enrichment and isolation of chitin degrading bacteria		
2. Enrichment of <i>Clostridium</i> species using potato, Thioglycollate		
broth and Candle jar		
3. Spectroscopy-		
i. Verification of Beer'slaw		
ii. Determination of absorption maxima		
iii. Molar extinction coefficient and difference spectra		
4. Chromatography-		
i. Separation of dyes and amino acids on silica gel column		
ii. Ion exchange chromatography of amino acids / proteins		
5. Agarose gel electrophoresis		
		1

6. Density gradient centrifugation of budding yeast cells		
7. Preservation of microbial cultures-		
i. Slant cultures of aerobic and facultative organisms		
ii. Stab cultures of microaerophilc organisms		
iii. Soil culture technique for spore formers		
Microbial Physiology, Biochemistry and Metabolism	2	
1. Determination of specific growth rate and generation time of		
E. coli		
2. Determination of protein content of bacteria		
3. Determination of carbohydrate content of bacteria		
4. Determination of DNA content of bacteria		
5. Determination of RNA content of bacteria		
6. Effect of hypotonic and hypertonic solutions on cells		
7. Determination of phenol coefficient of 'test disinfectant'		
REFERENCE BOOKS		
1. Laboratory Manual in Biochemistry by J. Jayaraman. New Age		
International Publishers		
2. Experimental Microbiology by R. J. Patel. Aditya Publishers,		
Ahmedabad		
3. Laboratory Methods in Food Microbiology by Harrigan,		
Academic Press		
4. Identification Methods for Microbiologists by B. M. Gibbs and		
F. A. Skinner. Academic Press		
5. Laboratory Microbiology by L. Jack Bradshaw. W. B. Saunders		
&Co.		
6. Benson's Microbiological Applications Laboratory Manual in		
General		
7. Microbiology by Alfred E. Brown		
8. Methods in Microbiology (Vol. 1, 3A and 5B) by Norris and		
Ribbons. Academic Press		
9. Microbiological Methods by Michael Collins		
10. Handbook of Microbiological Media by R. M. Atlas. CRC		
Publications		
11. Laboratory Exercises in Microbiology by Robert A. Pollock		
and others		

Medical Microbiology	2	
1. Using Bergey's Mannual of Systematic Bacteriology for		
identification of Bacteria		
2. Isolation and characterization of respiratory pathogenic		
bacteria from throat		
3. Determination of susceptibility to dental caries by Snyder test		
4. Isolation and characterization of etiological agent of dental		
caries		
5. Isolation and characterization of enteric pathogens from		
clinical samples		
6. Isolation and characterization of Urinary tract infection		
causing bacteria from urine.		
7. Antibiotic sensitivity of Urinary tract infection causing		
bacteria.		
Microbial Ecology		
1. Qualitative and Quantitative study of water microflora		
2. Study of microflora in Winogradsky column		
3. Qualitative and quantitative study of air microflora		
4. Isolation and characterization of microflora from human skin.		
5. Demonstration of bacterial synergism and antagonism		
6. Detection of siderophores production by microorganisms		
7. Isolation and characterization of ruminant bacteria from		
animal gut.		
REFERENCE BOOKS		
1. Practical Microbiology by R. C. Dubey and D. K. Maheshwari.		
S. Chand & Co		
2. Environmental Science and Biotechnology: Theory and		
Techniques by A. G. Murugesan and C. Rajakumari.		
MJP Publishers		
3. Medical Microbiology by Cruickshank and others. ELBS		
Publications		
4. Experimental Microbiology by R. J. Patel. Aditya Publishers,		
Ahmedabad		
5. Laboratory Methods in Food Microbiology by Harrigan,		
Academic Press		

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	6. Identification Methods for Microbiologists by B. M.	
	Gibbs and F. A. Skinner. Academic Press	
	7. Laboratory Microbiology by L. Jack Bradshaw. W. B. Saunders	
	& Co.	
	8. Benson's Microbiological Applications: Laboratory Manual in	
	General Microbiology by Alfred E. Brown	
	9. Microbiological Methods by Michael Collins	
	10. Handbook of Microbiological Media by R. M. Atlas. CRC	
	Publications	
	11. Laboratory Exercises in Microbiology by Robert A. Pollock	
	and other	
	12. Applied Microbiology Laboratory Manual by F. Duncan.	
	13. Practical Handbook of Microbiology by Emanuel Golman	
	and Lawrence H. Green, 2ndEd	
	14. Procedures/Guidelines for the Microbiology Laboratory	
	15. Laboratory Exercises in Microbiology 5th ed. Harley Prescott	
Practical	Microbial Biotechnology	
VI E3		
	1. Study of yeast cell immobilization by sodium alginate method	
	2. Pigment production from fungi (Melanin production from	
	Aspergillus fumigatus)	
	3. Isolation of xylanase or lipase producing bacteria	
	4. Study of algal Single Cell Proteins.	
	5. Production of bio fertilizer	
	6. Isolation of IAA producing bacteria and quantification of IAA	
	REFERENCE BOOKS	
	1. Practical Microbiology by R. C. Dubey and D. K.	
	Maheshwari. S. Chand & Co.	
	2. Environmental Science and Biotechnology: Theory and	
	Techniques by A. G. Murugesan and C. Rajakumari. MJP	
	Publishers	
	3. Experimental Microbiology by R. J. Patel. Aditya Publishers,	
	Ahmedabad	
	4. Analysis of Plants, Irrigation water and Soils by R. B.	
	Somawanshi and others .Mahatma Phule Agricultural	

University, Rahuri
5. Identification Methods for Microbiologists by B. M. Gibbs
and F. A. Skinner. Academic Press
6. Laboratory Microbiology by L. Jack Bradshaw. W. B.
Saunders &Co.
7. Benson's Microbiological Applications Laboratory Manual in
Genera Microbiology by Alfred E. Brown
8. Methods in Microbiology (Vol. 5B and Vol. 3A) by Norris and
Ribbons. Academic Press
9. Bergey's Manual of Systematic Bacteriology
10. Microbiological Methods by Michael Collins
11. Handbook of Microbiological Media by R. M. Atlas. CRC
publication
12. Laboratory Exercises in Microbiology by Robert A. Pollock
and others
13. Laboratory Techniques in Microbiology and Biotechnology
by R. P.
14. Tiwari, G. S. Hoondal and R. Tewari, Abhishek Publications,
Chandigarh
15. Handbook of Techniques in Microbiology by A. S. Karwa, M.
K. Rai and H. B. Singh. Scientific Publishers, Jodhpur
16. Laboratory Exercises in Microbiology by J. P. Harley and L.
M. Prescott 5th Ed.

Nature of Question Paper

Instructions: 1) Question 1 is **compulsory**.

2) Figures to the right indicate **full** marks.

3) Draw neat labeled diagrams **wherever** necessary.

4) Use of calculator is allowed.

Time : 3 hours

Total Marks: 80

Therory papers

Q.1. Select correct alternative and rewrite the sentence (16)

i)	a)	b)	c)	d)
ii)	a)	b)	c)	d)
iii)	a)	b)	c)	d)
iv)	a)	b)	c)	d)
v)	a)	b)	c)	d)
vi)	a)	b)	c)	d)
vii)	a)	b)	c)	d)
viii)	a)	b)	c)	d)
ix)	a)	b)	c)	d)
x)	a)	b)	c)	d)
xi)	a)	b)	c)	d)
xii)	a)	b)	c)	d)
xiii)	a)	b)	c)	d) 37

xiv)	a)	b)	c)	d)
xv)	a)	b)	c)	d)
xvi)	a)	b)	c)	d)

Section I

Q.2. Attempt any One. (16) i) ii) Q.3. Attempt any Two (16)

i) ii) iii)

Q. 4 Attempt any Four (16)

i) íi) iii) iv) v) vi)

Section II

Q.5. Attempt any Two.	(16)
i) ii)	
Q.6. Attempt any Two	(16)
i) ii) iii)	
Q. 7 Attempt any Four	(16)

- i) ii)

iii) iv) v)

v) vi)

Instruction to paper setters: Equal weight age should be given to all units.

Sem.	Core Course	Marks	Evaluation	Paper	Answer Books	Standard of passing
Ι	Ι	80	Semester wise	Each paper of 80 marks	As per Instruction	40 % (32 marks)
II	II	80	Semester wise	Each paper of 80 marks	As per Instruction	40 % (32 marks)

SCHEME OF MARKING (THEROY)

SCHEME OF MARKING (CIE) Continuous Internal Evaluation

Sem.	Core	Marks	Evaluation	Paper	Answer	Standard of
	Course				Books	passing
Ι	DSE E 1	20	Semester wise	one	As per	40 %
					Instruction	(8 marks)
II	DSE F 1	20	Semester wise	one	As per	40 %
					Instruction	(8 marks)

SCHEME OF MARKING (PRACTICAL)

Sem	Course	Marks	Evaluation	Sections	Standard of passing
Ι	Practical I, II	150	Semester	As per	40 %
	and III			Instruction	
II	Practical IV,	150	Semester	As per	40 %
	V, and VI			Instruction	

*A separate passing is mandatory