

Dissemination of Education for Knowledge, Science and Culture"
-Shikshanmaharshi Dr. Bapuji Salunkhe

Shri Swami Vivekanand Shikshan Sanstha's

Vivekanand College, Kolhapur
(An Empowered Autonomous Institute)



DEPARTMENT OF CHEMISTRY

B. Sc. Part - II Chemistry (NEP Phase II)
Major (DSC), Minor (Min)
Semester-III & IV

SYLLABUS

Under Choice Based Credit System

to be implemented from Academic Year 2025-26

VIVEKANAND COLLEGE, KOLHAPUR
(AN EMPOWERED AUTONOMOUS INSTITUTE)
Department of Chemistry

Program Outcomes (POs):

PO1: Disciplinary Knowledge: Graduates will gain in-depth understanding in their specific major or discipline, mastering the foundational principles and theories, as well as advanced concepts. Execute strong theoretical and practical understanding developed from the specific programme in the area of work.

PO2: Problem-Solving Skills: Graduates will learn to use their knowledge to identify, analyze, and solve problems related to their field of study.

PO3: Analytical Skills: Graduates will gain the ability to collect, analyze, interpret, and apply data in a variety of contexts. They might also learn to use specialized software or equipment.

PO4: Research Skills and Scientific temper: Depending on the field, graduates might learn how to design and conduct experiments or studies, analyze results, and draw conclusions. They might also learn to review and understand academic literature.

PO5: Communication Skills: Many programs emphasize the ability to communicate effectively, both orally and in writing. Graduates may learn to present complex information clearly and succinctly, write detailed reports, and collaborate effectively with others.

PO6: Ethics and Professionalism: Graduates may learn about the ethical and professional standards in their field, and how to apply them in real-world situations.

B.Sc. in Chemistry

Program Specific Outcomes (PSOs):

After successful completion of degree program in Chemistry a student should be able to;

PSO1: Understand fundamental facts and concepts in Chemistry as well as its applications so as to develop interest in the study of chemistry as a discipline.

PSO2: Develop the ability to apply the principles of Chemistry in practical.

PSO3: Acquire skills of different analytical techniques used in chemistry.

PSO4: Develop Skills to evaluate, analyze and interpret the chemical reactions by using various techniques.

PSO5: Acquire knowledge and skills required to hire in any sector related to chemistry as well as to admit for higher education.

**VIVEKANAND COLLEGE, KOLHAPUR
(EMPOWERED AUTONOMOUS)**

**Department of Chemistry
(2025-26 for NEP Phase-II)**

Teaching and Evaluation Scheme

Three/Four- Years UG Programme

Department/Subject Specific Core or Major (DSC) as per NEP-2020

B.Sc. II, Semester- III & IV

Sr. No.	Course Abbr.	Course code	Course Name	Teaching Scheme Hours/week		Examination Scheme and Marks				Course Credits
				TH	PR	SEE	CIE	PR	Marks	
Semester –III										
1	DSC-V	DSC03CHE31	Physical Chemistry	2	-	40	10	-	50	2
2	DSC-VI	DSC03 CHE 32	Analytical Chemistry	2	-	40	10	-	50	2
3	MIN-V	MIN03 CHE 31	General Aspects in Physical Chemistry	2	-	40	10	-	50	2
4	MIN-VI	MIN03 CHE 32	General Aspects in Analytical Chemistry	2	-	40	10	-	50	2
5	DSC-PR-III	DSC03 CHE 39	DSC- Chemistry Lab-3	-	8	-	-	50	50	4
6	MIN-PR-III	MIN03 CHE 39	MIN-Chemistry Lab-3	-	4	-	-	25	25	2
7	VSC-PR-I	VSC03CHE 39	Laboratory Techniques in Chemistry	-	4	-	-	25	25	2
8	OEC-PR-III	OEC03CHE39	OEC-Chemistry Lab-3	-	4	-	-	25	25	2
Semester –III Total				8	20	160	40	125	325	18
Semester-IV										
1	DSC-VII	DSC03 CHE 41	Inorganic Chemistry	2	-	40	10	-	50	2
2	DSC-VIII	DSC03 CHE 42	Organic Chemistry	2	-	40	10	-	50	2
3	MIN-VII	MIN03 CHE 41	General Aspects in Inorganic Chemistry	2	-	40	10	-	50	2
4	MIN-VIII	MIN03 CHE 42	General Aspects in Organic Chemistry	2	-	40	10	-	50	2
5	DSC-PR-IV	DSC03 CHE 49	DSC- Chemistry Lab-4	-	8	-	-	50	50	4
6	MIN-PR-IV	MIN03 CHE 49	MIN- Chemistry Lab-4	-	4	-	-	25	25	2
7	VSC-PR-II	VSC03 CHE 49	Analysis of Commercial Samples	-	4	-	-	25	25	2
8	OEC-PR-IV	OEC03CHE49	OEC-Chemistry Lab-4	-	4	-	-	25	25	2
Semester –IV Total				8	20	160	40	20	325	18

B.Sc. II, Sem-III (Chemistry)

Vivekanand College, Kolhapur (An Empowered Autonomous Institute)
B. Sc. Part - II Semester - III CHEMISTRY (Major)
DSC-V: DSC03CHE31: PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY
Theory: 30 hrs.
(30 Periods) Credits- 02

CO No. On completion of the course, student will be able to:

- CO1 Learn and coherent understanding of behavior of gases, ideal gas as model system and its extension to real gases. The dependence of physical state on P, V and T.
- CO2 Knowledge and coherent understanding of basic concepts in thermodynamics and concept of Entropy will be gained by the student.
- CO3 Learn and understanding the knowledge about basic concepts in kinetics and third order reaction with characteristics, suitable examples, and methods for determination of order of reactions, theories of reaction of rate and numerical problems.
- CO4 Learn and coherent understanding of conductivity and transport number of the aqueous solutions with different applications. Experimental determination of transport number and numerical problems.

Unit-I:	Kinetic theory of Gases 1.1 Introduction, States of matter and their properties. A) Gaseous state: 1.2 Postulates or assumptions of Kinetic Theory of Gases and derivation of the kinetic gas equation. 1.3 Ideal and Non ideal gases, Deviation of real gases from ideal behavior (from Gas Law), compressibility factor, causes of deviation from Gas Law. 1.4 Van der Waals equation of state for real gases. Explanation of real gas behavior by Van der Waal's equation, Boyle temperature (derivation not required). 1.5 Critical Phenomena: PV-isotherms of real gases (Andrew's isotherms), Continuity of state, Critical constants and their calculation from Vander Waals equation. 1.6 Maxwell- Boltzmann Distribution laws of molecular velocities	[8]
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	and energies. 1.7 Numerical problems	
Unit-II:	Thermodynamics 1.1 Introduction, first and second law of thermodynamics, Concept of Entropy: Definition, mathematical expression, unit, spontaneity criteria for change in entropy. 1.2 Physical significance of Entropy. 1.3 Entropy changes for reversible and irreversible processes in isolated systems. 1.5 Entropy change in mixing of gases. 1.6 Introduction of Concept of Enthalpy and Internal energy, Integral and differential enthalpy of solution. 1.7 Variation of Enthalpy of reaction with temperature (Kirchhoff's equation) 1.8 Third law of thermodynamics, standard entropy, application of third law of thermodynamics in determination of absolute entropy, Entropy changes in chemical reactions 1.9 Numerical problems.	[8]
Unit-III:	Chemical Kinetics 2.1 Introduction- order of reaction. 2.2 Third order reactions: derivation of rate constant considering reaction with Equal initial concentration, characteristics, and examples of third order reaction. 2.3 Determination of order of reaction by: i) Integration method, ii) Graphical method iii) Half-life method. 2.4 Effect of temperature on rate of reaction, Arrhenius equation. Concept of energy of activation. 2.5 Theories of reaction rate: Collision theory for bimolecular gaseous reaction, Activated Complex Theory, 2.6 Numerical problems.	[7]
Unit-IV:	Electrochemistry II 4.1 Introduction Conductance of electrolyte solution, Migration of ions. 4.2 Kohlrausch law of independent migration of ions and its	[7]

applications such as relations between ionic conductance, ionic mobility and transport number, determination of equivalent conductance at infinite dilution of weak electrolytes, determination of degree of ionization of weak electrolyte, solubility and solubility products of sparingly soluble salts.

4.3 Transference number, Hittorf's rule, determination of transport number using Hittorf's method and moving boundary method, factors affecting transport number: nature of electrolyte, concentration, temperature, complex formation and degree of hydration.

4.4 Conductometric titrations -

A) Acid -base titrations with mixture of strong and weak acid -

a) strong acid and strong base b) weak acid and weak base

B) Precipitation titration.

4.5 Advantages of conductometric titrations.

Reference Books:

- 1) Barrow, G. M. Physical Chemistry Tata McGraw-Hill (2007).
- 2) Castellan G. W. Physical Chemistry 4th Ed. Narosa (2004).
- 3) Kotz, J. C. Treichel, P. M. & Townsend, J. R. General Chemistry, Cengage Learning India Pvt Ltd: New Delhi (2009).
- 4) Mahan, B. H. University Chemistry, 3rd Ed. Narosa (1998).
- 5) Petrucci, R.H. General Chemistry, 5th Ed., Macmillan Publishing Co.: New York (1985).
- 6) Elements of Physical Chemistry, S., Glasstone, D. Lewis.(2010)
- 7) Principles of physical Chemistry, Marron and Prutton. (2007).
- 8) Elements of Physical Chemistry, P. W. Atkins (2017-18)
- 9) Essentials of Physical Chemistry, Bahl and Tuli. S. Chand, 2010.
- 10) Physical Chemistry, Danials and Alberty (2016)
- 11) University General Chemistry C. N. R.Rao (2016)
- 12) Principals of Physical Chemistry Puri, Sharma and Pathania 47th Edition, Vishal Publishing Co. Daryaganj Delhi. 110002 (2017-18)
- 13) Physical Chemistry A. J. Mee. (2015)
- 14) Advanced Physical Chemistry Gurudeep Raj (2017-18)
- 15) Physical Chemistry R. A. Aleberty. (2017-18)

Vivekanand College, Kolhapur (An Empowered Autonomous Institute)
B. Sc. II, Semester-III CHEMISTRY (Major)
DSC-VI, DSC03CHE32: Analytical Chemistry
Theory: 30hrs (30Periods) Credits- 02

Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1: Acquire skills of instrumental and non-instrumental analytical techniques.

CO2: Understand basics of industrial manufacturing processes.

CO3: Understand basics of quantitative semi -micro analysis technique

CO4: Understand basics of industrial unit operation

Unit 1:	Gravimetric Analysis General introduction, Common ion effect and solubility product principles, Conditions for good precipitation, Factors affecting to precipitation like pH, temperature, nature of solvent; Super saturation and precipitate formation, Precipitation from homogeneous solution and examples, Co-precipitation, post-precipitation and remedies for their minimization, Digestion, Washing of precipitate and ignition of precipitate, Brief idea about method of filtration and drying of precipitate, Organic Precipitants.	(8L)
Unit 2:	Conductometric Analysis Introduction, Conductometric Titrations: Basic principles, experimental set up titration curves in the titration of (i) strong acid vs, strong base, (ii) weak acid vs, strong base, (iii) weak acid vs, weak base, (iv) Mixture of strong and weak acid/strong weak base vs, strong base/weak base or strong acid/weak acid, (v) sodium chloride vs, silver nitrate (vi) barium hydroxide vs, magnesium sulphate advantages and limitations.	(7L)
Unit 3:	Inorganic Semi-Micro Qualitative Analysis Theoretical principles involved in qualitative analysis, Applications of solubility product and common ion effect in separation of cations into groups, Application of complex formation in a) Separation of II group into IIA and IIB sub-groups. b) Separation of Copper from Cadmium. c) Separation of Cobalt from Nickel. d) Separation of Cl ⁻ , Br ⁻ , I ⁻ . e) Detection of NO ₂ ⁻ , NO ₃ ⁻ (Brown ring test), Application of oxidation and reduction in a) Separation of Cl ⁻ , Br ⁻ , I ⁻ in mixture b) Separation of NO ₂ ⁻ and NO ₃ ⁻ in mixture, Spot test analysis.	(8L)

Unit 4:	Unit Operations Introduction, Meaning of unit operations and processes & its types, Principle, applications & Brief study of various unit operations such as Distillation, Extraction, Crystallization, Evaporation, Drying, Filtration.	(7L)
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Reference Books:

- 1) Environmental chemistry by A. K. De
- 2) Modern Analytical Chemistry by David Harvey, McGRAW-Hill International Edition, 2000
- 3) Industrial chemistry by B.K. Sharma, GMajor Publishing Housing, 16th edition 2011
- 4) Analytical chemistry by B.K. Sharma, Krishna Prakashan Media Ltd, Meerut, edition 3rd 2011
- 5) Lee, J. D. Concise Inorganic Chemistry, (ELBS, 5th Edition)
- 6) Puri, Sharma and Kalia; Principles of Inorganic Chemistry, Vallabh Publication, Pitampur Delhi.

Vivekanand College, Kolhapur (An Empowered Autonomous Institute)
B. Sc. Part - II Semester - III CHEMISTRY (Minor)
MIN-V: MIN03CHE31: General Aspects in Physical Chemistry
Theory: 30 hrs.
(30 Periods) Credits- 02

CO No. On completion of the course, student will be able to:

- CO1 Learn and coherent understanding of behavior of gases, ideal gas as model system and its extension to real gases. The dependence of physical state on P, V and T.
- CO2 Knowledge and coherent understanding of basic concepts in thermodynamics and concept of Entropy will be gained by the student.
- CO3 Learn and understanding the knowledge about basic concepts in kinetics and third order reaction with characteristics, suitable examples, and methods for determination of order of reactions, theories of reaction of rate and numerical problems.
- CO4 Learn and coherent understanding of conductivity and transport number of the aqueous solutions with different applications. Experimental determination of transport number and numerical problems.

Unit-I:	Kinetic behavior of Gases 1.1 Introduction, States of matter and their properties. A) Gaseous state: 1.2 Postulates or assumptions of Kinetic Theory of Gases and derivation of the kinetic gas equation. 1.3 Ideal and Non ideal gases, Deviation of real gases from ideal behavior (from Gas Law), compressibility factor. 1.4 Van der Waals equation of state for real gases, Boyle temperature. 1.5 Critical Phenomena: PV-isotherms of real gases (Andrew's isotherms), Continuity of state.	[8L]
Unit-II:	Thermochemistry 1.1 Introduction, first and second law of thermodynamics. 1.2 Concept of Entropy: Definition, mathematical expression, unit, spontaneity criteria for change in entropy.	[8L]

	<p>1.3 Physical significance of Entropy.</p> <p>1.4 Entropy changes for reversible and irreversible processes in isolated systems.</p> <p>1.5 Entropy change in mixing of gases.</p> <p>1.6 Introduction of Concept of Enthalpy and Internal energy, Integral and differential enthalpy of solution.</p> <p>1.7 Third law of thermodynamics, standard entropy, application of third law of thermodynamics in determination of absolute entropy, Entropy changes in chemical reactions.</p>	
Unit-III:	<p>Chemical Kinetics - II</p> <p>2.1 Introduction- order of reaction.</p> <p>2.2 Third order reactions: expression of rate constant considering reaction with Equal initial concentration, characteristics, and examples of third order reaction.</p> <p>2.3 Determination of order of reaction by: i) Integration method, ii) Graphical method iii) Half-life method.</p> <p>2.4 Effect of temperature on rate of reaction, Concept of energy of activation.</p> <p>2.5 Theories of reaction rate:- Collision theory for bimolecular gaseous reaction, Activated Complex Theory.</p>	[7L]
Unit-IV:	<p>Electrochemistry II</p> <p>4.1 Introduction Conductance of electrolyte solution, Migration of ions.</p> <p>4.2 Transference number, determination of transport number using moving boundary method, factors affecting transport number: nature of electrolyte, concentration, temperature, complex formation and degree of hydration.</p> <p>4.5 Conductometric titrations -</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">A) Acid -base titrations with mixture of strong and weak acid -</p> <p style="padding-left: 80px;">a) strong acid and strong base b) weak acid and weak base</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">B) Precipitation titration.</p> <p>4.6 Advantages of conductometric titrations.</p>	[7L]

Reference Books:

- 1) Barrow, G. M. Physical Chemistry Tata McGraw-Hill (2007).
- 2) Castellan G. W. Physical Chemistry 4th Ed. Narosa (2004).

- 3) Kotz, J. C. Treichel, P. M. & Townsend, J. R. General Chemistry, Cengage Learning India Pvt Ltd: New Delhi (2009).
- 4) Mahan, B. H. University Chemistry, 3rd Ed. Narosa (1998).
- 5) Petrucci, R.H. General Chemistry, 5th Ed., Macmillan Publishing Co.: New York (1985).
- 6) Elements of Physical Chemistry, S., Glasstone, D. Lewis. (2010)
- 7) Principles of physical Chemistry, Marron and Prutton. (2007).
- 8) Elements of Physical Chemistry, P. W. Atkins (2017-18)
- 9) Essentials of Physical Chemistry, Bahl and Tuli. S. Chand, 2010.
- 10) Physical Chemistry, Danials and Alberty (2016)
- 11) University General Chemistry C. N. R.Rao (2016)
- 12) Principals of Physical Chemistry Puri, Sharma and Pathania 47th Edison, Vishal Publishing Co. Daryaganj Delhi. 110002 (2017-18)
- 13) Physical Chemistry A. J. Mee. (2015)
- 14) Advanced Physical Chemistry Gurudeep Raj (2017-18)
- 15) Physical Chemistry R. A. Aleberty. (2017-18)

Vivekanand College, Kolhapur (An Empowered Autonomous Institute)
B.Sc. II, Semester-III CHEMISTRY (Minor)
MIN VI: MIN03CHE32: General Aspects in Analytical Chemistry
Theory: 30hrs (30Periods) Credits- 02

Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1: Acquire skills of instrumental and non-instrumental analytical techniques.

CO2: Understand basics of industrial manufacturing processes.

CO3: Understand basics of quantitative semi-micro analysis technique

CO4: Understand basics of industrial unit operation

Unit 1:	Introduction to gravimetric Analysis General introduction, principles, Conditions for good precipitation, Factors affecting to precipitation like pH, temperature, nature of solvent; Super saturation and precipitate formation, Precipitation from homogeneous solution, Co-precipitation, post-precipitation and remedies for their minimization, Digestion, Washing of precipitate and ignition of precipitate.	(8L)
Unit 2:	Conductometric titrations Introduction, Conductometric Titrations: Basic principles, experimental set up titration curves in the titration of (i) strong acid vs, strong base, (ii) weak acid vs, strong base, (iii) weak acid vs, weak base, (iv) Mixture of strong and weak acid/strong weak base vs, strong base/weak base or strong acid/weak acid.	(7L)
Unit 3:	Semi-Micro Qualitative Analysis Theoretical principles involved in qualitative analysis, Applications of solubility product and common ion effect in separation of cations into groups, Application of complex formation in a) Separation of II group into IIA and IIB sub-groups. b) Separation of Copper from Cadmium. c) Separation of Cobalt from Nickel. d) Separation of Cl ⁻ , Br ⁻ , I ⁻	(8L)
Unit 4:	Fundamentals of Industrial Chemistry Introduction, Meaning of unit operations and processes & its types, Principle, applications & Brief study of various unit operations such as Distillation, Crystallization.	(7L)

Reference Books:

- 5) Environmental chemistry by A. K. De
- 6) Modern Analytical Chemistry by David Harvey, McGRAW-Hill International Edition, 2000
- 7) Industrial chemistry by B.K. Sharma, GMajor Publishing Housing, 16th edition 2011
- 8) Analytical chemistry by B.K. Sharma, Krishna Prakashan Media Ltd, Meerut, edition 3rd 2011
- 5) Lee, J. D. Concise Inorganic Chemistry, (ELBS, 5th Edition)
- 6) Puri, Sharma and Kalia; Principles of Inorganic Chemistry, Vallabh Publication, Pitampur Delhi.

Vivekanand College, Kolhapur (An Empowered Autonomous Institute)

B.Sc. II, Semester-III

DSC- PR-III: DSC03CHE39: DSC CHEMISTRY LAB-3

Practical: Eight hours week per batch

Marks: 50 (Credits: 04)

Chemistry

Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1: Laboratory skill for the purpose of collecting, interpreting, analyzing practical data.

CO2: Perform gravimetric estimation and calculate percentage error.

CO3: Laboratory skill for the purpose of handling different analytical instruments.

CO4: Acquire laboratory skill for inorganic qualitative analysis.

1. Determination of the surface tension of a liquid or a dilute solution using Stalagmometer.
2. Study of the variation of surface tension of a detergent solution with concentration.
3. Determination of the relative and absolute viscosity of a liquid of dilute solution using an Ostwald's viscometer.
4. To study the effect of acid strength on hydrolysis of an ester using 0.5 M HCl and 0.25 M HCl
5. To investigate the reaction between potassium per sulphate and KI (Equal Concentration)
6. To investigate the reaction between potassium persulphate and KI (Unequal Concentration)
7. To study the hydrolysis of methyl acetate in presence of HCl and H₂SO₄ and to determine relative strength.
8. To determine temperature coefficient of a given second order reaction.
9. To determine the normality of given strong acid by titrating it against strong base Conductometrically.
10. To determine Cell Constant of the given Conductivity cell and to verify Ostwald dilution law using acetic acid Solution Conductometrically.
11. To determine the normality of given weak acid by titrating it against strong base Conductometrically.
12. Determination of solubility and solubility product of sparingly soluble salt by conductance measurements.
13. To determine the normality of given strong acid by titrating it against strong base Potentiometrically.
14. To determine the specific and molar refractions of benzene, toluene and xylene by Abbe's refractometer and hence to determine the refraction of -CH₂ group

(Methylene group) (Densities should be determined by students).

15. To determine the specific rotation and unknown concentration of sugar solution polarimetry.
16. To determine the unknown concentration of given coloured compounds (KMnO_4) Colorimetrically.
17. To determine the unknown concentration of given coloured compounds (CuSO_4) Colorimetrically.
18. Determination of indicator constant of a phenolphthalein indicator by colorimetry.
19. Analysis of saline sample potentiometrically
20. Determination of heat of neutralization by calorimetry method.
21. Determination of partition coefficient of iodine between water and carbon tetra chloride.
22. pH measurements: Measurement of pH of different solutions like aerated drinks, fruit juices, shampoos and soaps (use dilute solutions of soaps and shampoos to prevent damage to the glass electrode) using pH-meter.
23. Spectrophotometric determination of caffeine and benzoic acid in soft drink.
24. **Semi-micro qualitative analysis** using mixtures - not more than four ionic species (Six anions and Six cations and excluding insoluble salts) out of the following:
Cations: NH_4 , Cu, Cd, Al^{3+} , Co^{2+} , Cr^{3+} , Ni^{2+} , Mn^{2+} , Zn^{2+} , Ba^{2+} , Sr^{2+} , Ca^{2+} ,
K⁺, Mg⁺.
25. **Gravimetry:** Estimate the amount of metal present in a given solution gravimetrically. (Any four)
 - a) Ni as Ni-DMG
 - b) Ba as BaSO_4
 - c) Fe as $\text{Fe}(\text{OH})_3$
 - d) Al as Al oxalate

Reference Books:

- 1) Mendham, J. *Vogel's Quantitative Chemical Analysis*, Pearson, 2009
- 2) Khosla, B. D.; Garg, V. C. and Gulati, A. *Senior Practical Physical Chemistry*, S. Chand & Company, New Delhi, 2011.

- 3) Nadkarni, Kothari and Lavande *Practical Book of Physical Chemistry*
- 4) Findley A., *Experimental Physical Chemistry*
- 5) Das, R. C., B, Behra, *Experimens in Physical Chemistry*
- 6) Yadav J. B. *Advance Practical Physical Chemistry*
- 7) Khopkar, S. M., *Basic Concepts in Analytical Chemistry*

Vivekanand College, Kolhapur (An Empowered Autonomous Institute)

B.Sc. II, Semester-III

MIN-PR-III: MIN03CHE39: MIN CHEMISTRY LAB-3

Practical: Four hours week per batch

Marks: 25 (Credits: 02)

Physical and Analytical Chemistry

Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1: Laboratory skill for the purpose of collecting, interpreting, analyzing practical data.

CO2: Perform gravimetric estimation and calculate percentage error.

CO3: Laboratory skill for the purpose of handling different analytical instruments.

CO4: Acquire laboratory skill for inorganic qualitative analysis.

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1. Determination of the relative and absolute viscosity of a liquid of dilute solution using an Ostwald's viscometer.
 2. To study the effect of acid strength on hydrolysis of an ester using 0.5 M HCl and 0.25 M HCl
 3. To investigate the reaction between potassium per sulphate and KI (Equal Concentration)
 4. To investigate the reaction between potassium persulphate and KI (Unequal Concentration)
 5. To study the hydrolysis of methyl acetate in presence of HCl and H_2SO_4 and to determine relative strength.
 6. To determine temperature coefficient of a given second order reaction.
 7. To determine the normality of given strong acid by titrating it against strong base Conductometrically.
 8. To determine Cell Constant of the given Conductivity cell and to verify Ostwald dilution law using acetic acid Solution Conductometrically.
 9. To determine the normality of given weak acid by titrating it against strong base Conductometrically.
 10. To determine the normality of given strong acid by titrating it against strong base Potentiometrically.
 11. **Semi-micro qualitative analysis using mixtures** - not more than **three ionic species** (4 anions and 4 cations and excluding insoluble salts) out of the following:
Cations: NH_4^+ , Cu^{2+} , Cd , Al^{3+} , Co^{2+} , Cr^{3+} , Ni^{2+} , Mn^{2+} , Zn^{2+} , Ba^{2+} , Sr^{2+} , Ca^{2+} , K^+ , Mg^{+} .

12. **Gravimetry:** Estimate the amount of metal present in a given solution gravimetrically. (Any two)
- a) Ni as Ni-DMG
 - b) Ba as BaSO₄
 - c) Fe as Fe(OH)₃
 - d) Al as Al oxalate

Reference Books:

- 8) Mendham, J. *Vogel's Quantitative Chemical Analysis*, Pearson, 2009
- 9) Khosla, B. D.; Garg, V. C. and Gulati, A. *Senior Practical Physical Chemistry*, S. Chand & Company, New Delhi, 2011.
- 10) Nadkarni, Kothari and Lavande *Practical Book of Physical Chemistry*
- 11) Findley A., *Experimental Physical Chemistry*
- 12) Das, R. C., B, Behra, *Experiments in Physical Chemistry*
- 13) Yadav J. B. *Advance Practical Physical Chemistry*
- 14) Khopkar, S. M., *Basic Concepts in Analytical Chemistry*

Vivekanand College, Kolhapur (An Empowered Autonomous Institute)
B.Sc. II, Semester-III
VSC-PR-I: VSC03CHE39: Laboratory Techniques in Chemistry
Practical: Four hours week per batch
Marks: 25 (Credits: 02)

Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1: Acquire skills of instrumental and non-instrumental analytical techniques.

CO2: Laboratory skill for the purpose of extraction techniques.

CO3: Perform chromatographic technique.

CO4: Acquire laboratory skill for separation techniques.

Sr. No. Title of the Experiment

1. Calibrations of glasswares in the Laboratory
2. Standardization of instruments: pH meter, Conductometer, Potentiometer
3. Extraction Technique (Sample-Caffeine)
4. Thin Layer Chromatography (Two Samples)
5. Separation & Purification of following mixture
Solid-Solid (1 mixture)
Purification technique: Recrystallization
6. Separation & Purification of following mixture
Solid-Liquid (1 mixture)
Purification technique: Recrystallization & Distillation
7. Separation & Purification of following mixture
Liquid-Liquid (1 mixture)
Purification technique: Distillation
8. Preparation & quality check of distilled water & Conductivity water
9. Column Chromatography (1 mixture)
10. Preparation of standard solutions of various types of concentrations such as normal, molar, ppm & percentage solution (1 solution of each concentration)
11. Separation of liquids by Steam Distillation
12. Separation of liquids by Vacuum Distillation
13. Methods of Green Synthesis such as grinding, microwave synthesis or ultrasonic (any one)
14. Computer tools in chemistry (Chemdraw)
15. Cutting, Bending, drawing out jet of glass tube

Reference Books:

- 1) Vogel's Qualitative Inorganic Analysis, G. Svehla
- 2) Comprehensive Practical Organic Chemistry, Ahluvalia V. K.
- 3) An advance course in practical chemistry, A. Ghoshal, B. Mahapatra, A. K. Nad.
- 4) Instrumental methods of chemical analysis, B. K. Sharma
- 5) Experiments in physical chemistry, Das R. C., Behra B.
- 6) Experimental Physical Chemistry, Findley A.

Vivekanand College, Kolhapur (An Empowered Autonomous Institute)

B.Sc. II, Semester-III

OEC-PR-III: OEC03CHE39: CHEMISTRY LAB-3

Practical: Four hours week per batch

Marks: 25 (Credits: 02)

Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1: Acquire skills of instrumental and non-instrumental analytical techniques.

CO2: Laboratory skill for the purpose of extraction techniques.

CO3: Perform chromatographic technique.

CO4: Acquire laboratory skill for separation techniques.

Sr. No. Title of the Experiment

1. Calibrations of glasswares in the Laboratory
2. Standardization of instruments: pH meter, Conductometer, Potentiometer
3. Extraction Technique (Sample-Caffeine)
4. Thin Layer Chromatography (Two Samples)
5. Separation & Purification of following mixture
Solid-Solid (1 mixture)
Purification technique: Recrystallization
6. Separation & Purification of following mixture
Solid-Liquid (1 mixture)
Purification technique: Recrystallization & Distillation
7. Separation & Purification of following mixture
Liquid-Liquid (1 mixture)
Purification technique: Distillation
8. Preparation & quality check of distilled water & Conductivity water
9. Column Chromatography (1 mixture)
10. Preparation of standard solutions of various types of concentrations such as normal, molar, ppm & percentage solution (1 solution of each concentration)
11. Separation of liquids by Steam Distillation
12. Separation of liquids by Vacuum Distillation
13. Methods of Green Synthesis such as grinding, microwave synthesis or ultrasonic (any one)
14. Computer tools in chemistry (Chemdraw)
15. Cutting, Bending, drawing out jet of glass tube

Reference Books:

- 1) Vogel's Qualitative Inorganic Analysis, G. Svehla
- 2) Comprehensive Practical Organic Chemistry, Ahluvalia V. K.
- 3) An advance course in practical chemistry, A. Ghoshal, B. Mahapatra, A. K. Nad.
- 4) Instrumental methods of chemical analysis, B. K. Sharma
- 5) Experiments in physical chemistry, Das R. C., Behra B.
- 6) Experimental Physical Chemistry, Findley A.

Seat No.

Ques. paper code

**VIVEKANAND COLLEGE, KOLHAPUR
(EMPOWERED AUTONOMOUS)**

B.Sc. Part- II (Chemistry) (Semester-III) Examination.....

Course Code and Name: DSC03CHEM31: Physical Chemistry

Day:

Time: 2 hours

Date: --/--/----

Marks : 40

Instructions:

- 1) All the questions are compulsory.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 3) Draw neat labelled diagrams wherever necessary.
- 4) Use of log table/calculator is allowed.

Q. 1. Select correct alternative (One mark each): [8]

- i) Xyzabcdefghijklmnop -----
a) ----- b) ----- c) ----- d) -----
- ii) Xyzabcdefghijklmnop -----
a) ----- b) ----- c) ----- d) -----
- iii) Xyzabcdefghijklmnop -----
a) ----- b) ----- c) ----- d) -----
- iv) Xyzabcdefghijklmnop -----
a) ----- b) ----- c) ----- d) -----
- v) Xyzabcdefghijklmnop -----
a) ----- b) ----- c) ----- d) -----
- vi) Xyzabcdefghijklmnop -----
a) ----- b) ----- c) ----- d) -----
- vii) Xyzabcdefghijklmnop -----
a) ----- b) ----- c) ----- d) -----
- viii) Xyzabcdefghijklmnop -----
a) ----- b) ----- c) ----- d) -----

Q.2. Attempt any TWO (Eight marks each Attempt any TWO out of THREE): [16]

- i) Xyzabcdefghijklmnop.
- ii) Xyzabcdefghijklmnop.
- iii) Xyzabcdefghijklmnop.

Q.3. Attempt any FOUR (Four marks each Attempt any FOUR out of six): [16]

- i) Xyzabcdefghijklmnop.
 - ii) Xyzabcdefghijklmnop.
 - iii) Xyzabcdefghijklmnop.
 - iv) Xyzabcdefghijklmnop.
 - v) Xyzabcdefghijklmnop.
 - vi) Xyzabcdefghijklmnop
-

B.Sc. II, Sem-IV (Chemistry)

Vivekanand College, Kolhapur (An Empowered Autonomous Institute)
B. Sc. Part – II Semester - IV CHEMISTRY (Major)
DSC-VII: DSC03CHE41: INORGANIC CHEMISTRY
Theory: 30 hrs
Marks-50 (Credits: 02)

Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course the student will be able to:

CO1: Gain the knowledge about properties of d-block elements and applications of metal chelates in Analytical chemistry.

CO2: Develop the basics concepts and valence bond theory of co-ordination compounds.

CO3: Learn types of various isomerisms in inorganic complexes.

CO4: Understand the basics concepts and crystal field theory of co-ordination compounds.

Unit 1:	A] Transition Elements (3d series) General group trends with special reference to electronic configuration, variable valency, colour, magnetic and catalytic properties and ability to form complexes. B] Chelation A brief introduction with respect to ligands, chelating agent, chelation and metal chelates, Structural requirements of chelate formation, Difference between metal chelate and metal complex, Classification of chelating agents (with specific illustration of bidentate chelating agents), Application of chelation with respect to chelating agents - EDTA.	8L
Unit 2:	Valence Bond Theory Definition and formation of co-ordinate covalent bond in $\text{BF}_3\text{-NH}_3$ and $[\text{NH}_4]^+$, Distinguish between double salt and complex salt, Werner's theory i) Postulates, ii) theory as applied to cobalt amines complexes; Description of the terms: ligands, co-ordination compounds, Coordination number; IUPAC system of nomenclature, Structural and stereoisomerism in complexes with coordination numbers 4 and 6.	8L

Unit 3:	Isomerism in Inorganic Complexes Geometrical isomerism, Optical isomerism, structural isomerism- Ionization isomerism, hydrate isomerism, coordination isomerism, linkage isomerism and co-ordination position isomerism, postulates of VBT, Inner and outer orbital complexes w. r .t. coordination numbers 4 and 6; Drawbacks of VBT.	7L
Unit 4:	Crystal Field Theory Assumptions of CFT, Crystal field splitting of 'd' orbital in octahedral, tetrahedral and square planar complex, Crystal field stabilization energy (CFSE), Comparison of CFSE for <i>Oh</i> and <i>Td</i> complexes, Crystal field effects for weak and strong fields ligands, Tetrahedral symmetry, Factors affecting the Magnitude of $10 Dq$, Spectrochemical series, Jahn-Teller distortion, Limitations of CFT.	7L

Reference Books:

1. Cotton, F. A. & Wilkinson, G. Basic Inorganic Chemistry, Wiley.
2. Shriver, D. F. & Atkins, P.W. Inorganic Chemistry, Oxford University Press.
3. Wulfsberg, G. Inorganic Chemistry, Viva Books Pvt. Ltd.
4. Rodgers, G. E. Inorganic & Solid State Chemistry, Cengage Learning India Ltd., 2008.
5. Lee, J. D. Concise Inorganic Chemistry, (ELBS, 5th Edition)
6. Puri, Sharma and Kalia; Principles of Inorganic Chemistry, Vallabh Publication, Pitampur Delhi.
7. Gopalan R. and Ramalingam V.; Concise Coordination Chemistry, Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.

Vivekanand College, Kolhapur (An Empowered Autonomous Institute)
B. Sc. Part – II Semester - IV CHEMISTRY (Major)
DSC-VIII: DSC03CHE42: ORGANIC CHEMISTRY
Theory: 30 hrs
Marks-50 (Credits: 02)

CO1 Get knowledge about different types of carboxylic acids, their preparation methods and chemical properties.

CO2 Know about Biomolecules like Amino acids and proteins, their different structures and functions.

CO3 Know the method of synthesis of dyes which is industrially important strategy involving the amines and diazonium salts.

CO4 Grasp knowledge about another biomolecule carbohydrate, their classification, structures and other phenomenon taking place in this macromolecule.

Unit I:	<p>Carboxylic acids and their derivatives A] Carboxylic acids (aliphatic and aromatic) <i>Preparation:</i> Acidic and Alkaline hydrolysis of esters. Carboxylation of Grignard reagent <i>Reactions:</i> Schimidt reaction. B] Carboxylic acid derivatives (aliphatic): (Upto 5 carbons) <i>Preparation:</i> Acid halides, Anhydrides, Amides from acids and their interconversion <i>Reactions:</i> Esterification reaction with mechanism. Comparative study of nucleophilicity of acyl and aryl derivatives; Reformatsky Reaction, Perkin condensation and Wolf rearrangement reaction with mechanism and their applications.</p>	(7L)
Unit II:	<p>Amines and Diazonium Salts A) Amines: Aliphatic and Aromatic Amines (Upto 5 carbons) <i>Preparation:</i> From alkyl halides, alkyl nitriles, Gabriel's Phthalimide synthesis, Hofmann Bromamide Reaction. <i>Reactions:</i> Carbylamine test, with HNO₂, Electrophilic substitution (case aniline): nitration, and, sulphonation. B) Diazonium salts Preparations, Reactions- Conversion of Diazonium salts to Benzene, phenol, Sandmeyer reaction. C) Synthesis of dyes-, methyl orange, Congo red</p>	(8L)
Unit III:	<p>Amino Acids, Peptides and Proteins A] Preparation of Amino Acids: Introduction, types of amino acids, Zwitterion, Isoelectric point and Electrophoresis</p>	(7L)

	B) Synthesis of amino acids: Strecker synthesis, Gabriel's synthesis, . B] Reactions of Amino acids: Acetylation of -NH ₂ group, ninhydrin test, biurate test, C] Overview: Primary, Secondary, Tertiary and quaternary structure of proteins,	
Unit IV:	Carbohydrates Definition , Classification and General Properties, Glucose (open chain and cyclic structure), Determination of configuration of monosaccharides, absolute configuration of Glucose, Killiyani Synthesis, Mutarotation, Structure of disacharrides, (sucrose, maltose, lactose), Structure of Polysaccharides: Cellulose and Starch	(8L)

Reference Books

1. Morrison, R. T. & Boyd, R. N. *Organic Chemistry*, Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd. (Pearson Education).
2. Finar, I. L. *Organic Chemistry (Volume 1)*, Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd. (Pearson Education).
3. Finar, I. L. *Organic Chemistry (Volume 2)*, Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd. (Pearson Education).
4. Nelson, D. L. & Cox, M. M., *Lehninger's Principles of Biochemistry 7th Ed.*, W. H. Freeman.
5. Berg, J.M., Tymoczko, J. L. & Stryer, L. *Biochemistry*, W.H. Freeman, 2002.
6. Name reactions by G. Jack Lee.

Vivekanand College, Kolhapur (An Empowered Autonomous Institute)
B. Sc. Part – II Semester - IV CHEMISTRY (Minor)
MIN-VII: MIN03CHE41: General Aspects in Inorganic Chemistry
Theory: 30 hrs
Marks-50 (Credits: 02)

Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course the student will be able to:

CO1: Gain the knowledge about properties of d-block elements.

CO2: Impart knowledge of applications of metal chelates in Analytical chemistry

CO3: Develop the basics concepts and valence bond theory of co-ordination compounds.

CO4: Understand the basics concepts and crystal field theory of co-ordination compounds.

Unit 1:	d-block elements General group trends with special reference to electronic configuration, variable valency, colour, magnetic and catalytic properties and ability to form complexes.	7L
Unit 2:	Chelation A brief introduction with respect to ligands, chelating agent, chelation and metal chelates, Structural requirements of chelate formation, Difference between metal chelate and metal complex, Classification of chelating agents (with specific illustration of bidentate chelating agents), Application of chelation with respect to chelating agents - EDTA.	7L
Unit 3:	Introduction of VBT Definition and formation of co-ordinate covalent bond in $\text{BF}_3\text{-NH}_3$ and $[\text{NH}_4]^+$, Distinguish between double salt and complex salt, Werner's theory i) Postulates, ii) theory as applied to cobalt amines complexes; Description of the terms: ligands, co-ordination compounds, Coordination number; IUPAC system of nomenclature, Structural and stereoisomerism in complexes with coordination numbers 4 and 6.	8L

Unit 4: Introduction of CFT	8L
Assumptions of CFT, Crystal field splitting of 'd' orbital in octahedral and tetrahedral, Crystal field stabilization energy (CFSE), Comparison of CFSE for <i>Oh</i> and <i>Td</i> complexes, Factors affecting the Magnitude of $10 Dq$, Spectrochemical series, Jahn-Teller distortion, Limitations of CFT.	

Reference Books:

1. Cotton, F. A. & Wilkinson, G. Basic Inorganic Chemistry, Wiley.
2. Shriver, D. F. & Atkins, P.W. Inorganic Chemistry, Oxford University Press.
3. Wulfsberg, G. Inorganic Chemistry, Viva Books Pvt. Ltd.
4. Rodgers, G. E. Inorganic & Solid State Chemistry, Cengage Learning India Ltd., 2008.
5. Lee, J. D. Concise Inorganic Chemistry, (ELBS, 5th Edition)
6. Puri, Sharma and Kalia; Principles of Inorganic Chemistry, Vallabh Publication, Pitampur Delhi.
7. Gopalan R. and Ramalingam V.; Concise Coordination Chemistry, Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.

Vivekanand College, Kolhapur (An Empowered Autonomous Institute)
B. Sc. Part – II Semester - IV CHEMISTRY (Minor)
MIN-VIII: MIN03CHE42: General Aspects of organic Chemistry
Theory: 30 hrs
Marks-50 (Credits: 02)

- CO1 Get knowledge about different types of carboxylic acids, their preparation methods and chemical properties.
- CO2 Know about Biomolecules like Amino acids and proteins, their different structures and functions.
- CO3 Know the method of synthesis of dyes which is industrially important strategy involving the amines and diazonium salts.
- CO4 Grasp knowledge about another biomolecule carbohydrate, their classification, structures and other phenomena taking place in this macromolecule.

Unit I:	<p>Organic acids and their derivatives</p> <p>A] Carboxylic acids (aliphatic and aromatic) <i>Preparation:</i> Acidic and Alkaline hydrolysis of esters. Carboxylation of Grignard reagent <i>Reactions:</i> Schimidt reaction.</p> <p>B] Carboxylic acid derivatives (aliphatic): (Upto 5 carbons) <i>Preparation:</i> Acid halides, Anhydrides, Amides from acids and their interconversion <i>Reactions:</i> Esterification reaction with mechanism. Comparative study of nucleophilicity of acyl and aryl derivatives; Reformatsky Reaction, Perkin condensation and Wolf rearrangement reaction with mechanism and their applications.</p>	(7L)
Unit II:	<p>Amines and dyes.</p> <p>A) Amines: Aliphatic and Aromatic Amines (Upto 5 carbons) <i>Preparation:</i> From alkyl halides, alkyl nitriles, Gabriel's Phthalimide synthesis, Hofmann Bromamide Reaction. <i>Reactions:</i> Carbylamine test, with HNO₂, Electrophilic substitution (case aniline): nitration, sulphonation, and halogenation.</p> <p>B) Diazonium salts Preparations, Reactions- Conversion of Diazonium salts to Benzene, phenol, Sandmeyer reaction.</p> <p>C) Synthesis of dyes-, methyl orange , Congo red</p>	(8L)
Unit III:	<p>Amino Acids and Proteins</p> <p>A] <i>Preparation of Amino Acids:</i> Introduction, types of amino acids, Zwitterion, Isoelectric point and Electrophoresis</p> <p>B] Synthesis of amino acids: Strecker synthesis, Gabriel's synthesis, .</p>	(7L)

	<p>B] Reactions of Amino acids: Acetylation of -NH₂ group, ninhydrin test, biurate test,</p> <p>C] Overview: Primary, Secondary, Tertiary and quaternary structure of proteins,</p>	
Unit IV:	<p>Chemistry of Carbohydrates</p> <p>Definition , Classification and General Properties, Glucose (open chain and cyclic structure), Determination of configuration of monosaccharides, absolute configuration of Glucose, Killiyani Synthesis, Mutarotation, Structure of disacharrides, (sucrose, maltose, lactose),</p> <p>Structure of Polysaccharides: Cellulose and Starch</p>	(8L)

Reference Books

1. Morrison, R. T. & Boyd, R. N. Organic Chemistry, Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd. (Pearson Education).
2. Finar, I. L. Organic Chemistry (Volume 1), Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd. (Pearson Education).
3. Finar, I. L. Organic Chemistry (Volume 2), Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd. (Pearson Education).
4. Nelson, D. L. & Cox, M. M., Lehninger's Principles of Biochemistry 7th Ed., W. H. Freeman.
5. Berg, J.M., Tymoczko, J. L. & Stryer, L. Biochemistry, W.H. Freeman, 2002.
6. Name reactions by G. Jack Lee.

Vivekanand College, Kolhapur (An Empowered Autonomous Institute)
B. Sc. Part – II Semester - IV CHEMISTRY (Major)
DSC-PR IV: DSC03CHE49: DSC Chemistry Lab-4
PRACTICAL: 60 hrs
Marks-50 (Credits: 04)

Inorganic and Organic Chemistry

Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1: Laboratory skill for the purpose of analyzing of sample containing inorganic and organic substance.

CO2: Perform inorganic preparations and calculate the percentage yield.

CO3: Acquire laboratory skill for organic qualitative analysis.

CO4: Perform organic preparations and calculate the percentage yield.

1. Organic Spotting [10]

Carboxylic acids, phenolic, aldehydic, ketonic, amide, nitro, amines (at least 10 compounds) and preparation of two derivative.

2. Estimation of (i) Mg^{2+} by complexometric titrations using EDTA.

3. Estimation of total hardness of a given sample of water by complexometric titration.

4. To estimate HNO_2 by iodometric method.

5. To estimate the amount of Vitamin-C present in given Vit-C tablets.

6. To estimate volumetrically the amount of acetone present in the given solution (by iodometric method)

7. Preparation of p-nitro acetanilide from acetanilide.

8. Preparation of Potash Alum.

9. Preparation of Tetra amine copper (II) sulphate.

10. Preparations of hexa thiourea plumbus nitrate.

11. Determination of the concentration of glycine solution by formylation method.

12. Qualitative determination of enzyme activity of amylase.

13. To determine percentage purity of a given sample of soda-ash.

14. Preparation of Phthalamide from phthalic anhydride.

15. To determine percentage of nitrogen in the given sample of a nitrogenous fertilizer (ammonium sulphate)

16. To estimate amount of ethyl benzoate in the given solution of ethyl benzoate.

17. Preparation of Benzoic acid from benzamide.
18. Preparation of Ferrous ammonium sulphate.
19. Preparation of Acetanilide from Aniline using anhydrous Zn dust.
20. Estimation of Urea by hypobromide method.
21. To determine volumetrically the amounts of sodium carbonate and sodium hydroxide present together in the given solution.

Reference Books:

- 1) Svehla, G. *Vogel's Qualitative Inorganic Analysis*, Pearson Education, 2012.
- 2) Mendham, J. *Vogel's Quantitative Chemical Analysis*, Pearson, 2009.
- 3) Vogel, A.I., Tatchell, A.R., Furnis, B.S., Hannaford, A.J. & Smith, P.W.G., *Textbook of Practical Organic Chemistry*, Prentice-Hall, 5th edition, 1996.
- 4) Mann, F.G. & Saunders, B.C. *Practical Organic Chemistry* Orient-Longman, 1960.
- 5) Clarke *Handbook of Organic Quantitative Analysis*
- 6) Ahluwalia V. K., *Comprehensive Practical Organic Chemistry*
- 7) Kulkarni, V. S., Dastane, R. *Laboratory Handbook of Organic Qualitative Analysis and Separation*

Vivekanand College, Kolhapur (An Empowered Autonomous Institute)
B. Sc. Part – II Semester - IV CHEMISTRY (Minor)
MIN-PR-IV: MIN03CHE49: MIN Chemistry Lab-4
PRACTICAL: 30 hrs
Marks-25 (Credits: 02)

Inorganic and Organic Chemistry

Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1: Laboratory skill for the purpose of analyzing of sample containing inorganic and organic substance.

CO2: Perform inorganic preparations and calculate the percentage yield.

CO3: Acquire laboratory skill for organic qualitative analysis.

CO4: Perform organic preparations and calculate the percentage yield.

1. Organic Spotting [5]

Carboxylic acids, phenolic, aldehydic, ketonic, amide, nitro, amines (at least 8 compounds) and preparation of two derivative.

2. Estimation of total hardness of a given sample of water by complexometric titration.

3. Estimations of Vitamin-C from tablets.

4. Estimation of Acetone.

5. Preparation of p-nitro acetanilide.

6. Preparation of Potash Alum.

7. Preparation of Tetra amine copper sulfate.

8. Preparations of hexa thiourea plumbus nitrate.

9. Determination of the concentration of glycine solution by formylation method.

10. Action of salivary amylase on starch.

11. To estimate the amount of calcium from the chalk by titrimetric method. (By redox titration using KMnO_4 solution).

Reference Books:

- 1) Svehla, G. Vogel's Qualitative Inorganic Analysis, Pearson Education, 2012.
- 2) Mendham, J. Vogel's Quantitative Chemical Analysis, Pearson, 2009.
- 3) Vogel, A.I., Tatchell, A.R., Furnis, B.S., Hannaford, A.J. & Smith, P.W.G., Textbook of Practical Organic Chemistry, Prentice-Hall, 5th edition, 1996.

- 4) Mann, F.G. & Saunders, B.C. Practical Organic Chemistry Orient-Longman, 1960.
- 5) Clarke Handbook of Organic Quantitative Analysis
- 6) Ahluvalia V. K., Comprehensive Practical Organic Chemistry
- 7) Kulkarni, V. S., Dastane, R. Laboratory Handbook of Organic Qualitative Analysis and Separation

Vivekanand College, Kolhapur (An Empowered Autonomous Institute)
B. Sc. Part – II Semester - III CHEMISTRY (Minor)
VSC-PR-III
VSC03CHE49, ANALYSIS OF COMMERTIAL SAMPLES
Practical : 30 hrs.

Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1: Laboratory skill for the purpose of analyzing fertilizers and fungicides.

CO2: Perform analysis of commercial samples like, oil and talcum powder.

CO3: Acquire laboratory skill for soil and water analysis.

CO4: Perform analysis of pharmaceutical tablets.

-
- 1 Determination of percentage of Ca from tablet
 - 2 Determination of percentage of chlorine from bleaching powder
 - 3 Determination of Soil Organic Carbon by Walkey-Black Method
 - 4 Determination of acid in the given sample of toilet cleaner
 - 5 Determination of Dissolved Oxygen in water sample
 - 6 Determination of S/Cu from fungicide
 - 7 Estimation of Mg from Talcum Powder
 - 8 Analysis of Na from water by ion exchange method
 - 9 Estimation of Vit-C from Lemon Juice
 - 10 Determination of Casein from Milk
 - 11 Determination of rancidity of oil
 - 12 To determine the alkalinity of pesticide sample
 - 13 Conductometric determination of acetic acid in vinegar
 - 14 To determine carbonates and bicarbonate ions against strong HCl by using pH meter.
 - 15 To determine the amount of Cu from Brass alloy by volumetric analysis

Reference Books:

- 1) An advance course in practical chemistry, A. Ghoshal, B. Mahapatra, A. K. Nad.
- 2) Vogel's quantitative chemical analysis, J Mendham, R. C. Denney
- 3) Instrumental methods of chemical analysis, B. K. Sharma
- 4) Basic concept in analytical chemistry, Khopkar S. M.
- 5) Handbook of organic quantitative analysis, Clarke.
- 6) Experiments in physical chemistry, Das R. C., Behra B.

Vivekanand College, Kolhapur (An Empowered Autonomous Institute)
B. Sc. Part – II Semester - IV CHEMISTRY
OEC-PR-IV: OEC03CHE49: Chemistry Lab-4
PRACTICAL: 30 hrs
Marks-25 (Credits: 02)

Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1: Laboratory skill for the purpose of analyzing fertilizers and fungicides.

CO2: Perform analysis of commercial samples like, oil and talcum powder.

CO3: Acquire laboratory skill for soil and water analysis.

CO4: Perform analysis of pharmaceutical tablets.

- 1 Determination of percentage of Ca from tablet
- 2 Determination of percentage of chlorine from bleaching powder
- 3 Determination of Soil Organic Carbon by Walkey-Black Method
- 4 Determination of acid in the given sample of toilet cleaner
- 5 Determination of Dissolved Oxygen in water sample
- 6 Determination of S/Cu from fungicide
- 7 Estimation of Mg from Talcum Powder
- 8 Analysis of Na from water by ion exchange method
- 9 Estimation of Vit-C from Lemon Juice
- 10 Determination of Casein from Milk
- 11 Determination of rancidity of oil
- 12 To determine the alkalinity of pesticide sample
- 13 Conductometric determination of acetic acid in vinegar
- 14 To determine carbonates and bicarbonate ions against strong HCl by using pH meter.
- 15 To determine the amount of Cu from Brass alloy by volumetric analysis

Reference Books:

- 1) An advance course in practical chemistry, A. Ghoshal, B. Mahapatra, A. K. Nad.
- 2) Vogel's quantitative chemical analysis, J Mendham, R. C. Denney
- 3) Instrumental methods of chemical analysis, B. K. Sharma
- 4) Basic concept in analytical chemistry, Khopkar S. M.
- 5) Handbook of organic quantitative analysis, Clarke.
- 6) Experiments in physical chemistry, Das R. C., Behra B.

Seat No.

Ques. paper code

**VIVEKANAND COLLEGE, KOLHAPUR
(EMPOWERED AUTONOMOUS)**

B.Sc. Part- II (Inorganic Chemistry) (Semester-IV) Examination.....

Course Code and Name: MIN03CHE41: Inorganic Chemistry

Day:

Time: 2 hours

Date: --/--/----

Marks : 40

Instructions:

- 1) All the questions are compulsory.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 3) Draw neat labelled diagrams wherever necessary.
- 4) Use of log table/calculator is allowed.

Q. 1. Select correct alternative (One mark each):

[8]

- ix) Xyzabcdefghijklmnop -----
a) ----- b) ----- c) ----- d) -----
- x) Xyzabcdefghijklmnop -----
a) ----- b) ----- c) ----- d) -----
- xi) Xyzabcdefghijklmnop -----
a) ----- b) ----- c) ----- d) -----
- xii) Xyzabcdefghijklmnop -----
a) ----- b) ----- c) ----- d) -----
- xiii) Xyzabcdefghijklmnop -----
a) ----- b) ----- c) ----- d) -----
- xiv) Xyzabcdefghijklmnop -----
a) ----- b) ----- c) ----- d) -----
- xv) Xyzabcdefghijklmnop -----
a) ----- b) ----- c) ----- d) -----
- xvi) Xyzabcdefghijklmnop -----
a) ----- b) ----- c) ----- d) -----

Q.2. Attempt any TWO (Eight marks each):

[16]

- iv) Xyzabcdefghijklmnop.
- v) Xyzabcdefghijklmnop.
- vi) Xyzabcdefghijklmnop.

Q.3. Attempt any FOUR (Four marks each):

[16]

- i) Xyzabcdefghijklmnop.
- ii) Xyzabcdefghijklmnop.
- iii) Xyzabcdefghijklmnop.
- iv) Xyzabcdefghijklmnop.
- v) Xyzabcdefghijklmnop.
- vi) Xyzabcdefghijklmnop.